Міністерство освіти і науки України



Іноземна мова (англійська)

Методичні вказівки до виконання контрольних робіт

для студентів І та ІІ курсу всіх спеціальностей денної форми навчання

Зміст

Вступ	,3
Загальні положення	4
Контрольні роботи І курс	5
Тема 1	5
Тема 2	7
Тема3	9
Тема4	11
Тема5	13
Тема 6	15
Тема7	17
Контрольні роботи ІІкурс	19
Тема 1	19
Тема 2	21
Тема3	23
Тема4	25
Тема5	27
Тема 6	29
Тема7	31
Підсумкова контрольна робота Ікурс	33
Підсумкова контрольна робота ІІкурс	36
Список використаних джерел	38

Вступ

Мета та завдання курсу: формувати у студентів систему знань з іноземної мови (англійської). Поновити і поглибити знання з іноземної мови, здобутих студентами у середніх навчальних закладах, дати лінгвістичну освіту, необхідну для вільного і правильного користування іноземною (англіською) мовою. Піднести рівень культури усного і писемного мовлення та збагатити знання студентів.

Практичний курс іноземної мови (англійської) покликаний формувати мовну особистість спеціаліста, здатну до розв'язання різноманітних комунікативних завданнь у всіх актуальних сферах спілкування. Тому під час такого курсу студент повинен:

- володіти іноземною мовою (англійською);
- володіти лексичними, граматичними та стилістичними нормами іноземної мови (англійської);
- вміти складати і сприймати різноманітні документи, анотаціїї, відгуки, резюме та ділові листи;
- користуватись правилами мовного етикету, читанням літератури зі спеціальності з метою пошуку необхідної інформації.

КОНТРОЛЬНІ РОБОТИ

Загальні положення

Згідно з навчальним планом студентам пропонуються контрольні роботи з курсу «Іноземна мова (англійська)».

Завдання контрольної роботи — перевірити рівень якості засвоєних знань, зокрема лексичних одиниць та граматичних часових форм та граматичних структур, рівень орфографічної грамотності та сформованості умінь і навичок укладання конкретних документів, стилістичного використання слів, а також мовну культуру студентів.

I-course

Unit-1- People and Relationship

Variant-1

- 1. Read the sentences. Choose and circle the correct adjective.
- 1) He's a very affectionate/ambitious lad and he wants to play at the highest level.
- 2) Tara was always really *sensitive/aggressive* and caring. 3) Jack is so *envious/spoilt* of Sonia's success. 4) We liked Laurence at once, he was *selfish/imaginative* beyond all other architects. 5) Japanese cars are so *reliable/responsible*. 6) The gift is *greedy/generous* by any standards.

2.Make the opposites using the prefixes <i>un-</i> , <i>in-</i> , <i>dis-</i> , <i>im-</i> , <i>ir-</i> .
1) selfish —
2) honest —
3) pleasant —
4) polite —
5) responsible — .
5) sensitive —
3. Complete the sentences with used to and a suitable verb from the list.
qo - eat- study - be - bring
1)Jerry Italian in high school. 2) CuttySarkIs a famous ship. It
tea from China. 3) Christinemeat, but now she is a
vegetarian. 4) Haveyou heard about The Beatles? They very popular.5)
Sam and Mary to Mexico in summer?

4. Choose the word that describes that personality type

- 1) Someone who does not think about other peoples' feelings.
- 2) A person who speaks in a very direct and honest way.
- 3) Someone who is educated or has good manners.
- 4) A person who comes up with new and original ideas.
- 5) Someone who has a strong desire to succeed.
- 1) A) talented B) brilliant C) selfish
- 2) A) sloppy B) frank C) helpless
- 3) A) childish B) nasty C) cultured
- 4) A) creative B) timid C) narrow-minded
- 5) A) forgetful B) ambitious C) disorganized

5. Write what makes you feel happy and pleased, and what you usually do when you are in such a mood. Mention the situations when you experienced such feelings. Write 8 sentences.

Unit-1- People and Relationship

Variant-2

1.Read the sentences. Choose and circle the correct adjective.

1) David's mother was unstable and *moody/reliable* with a complicated character.2) The gift is *affectionate/generous* by any standards.3) Rachel is kind and *mean/charming* to everyone. 4) Julie has always been *ambitious/shy* and fiercel competitive. 5) Ten-year-olds are incredibly *energetic/responsible*. 6) She was *spoilt/patient* to her aunt's infirmities.

2.Make the opposites	using the	prefixes tin-,	in-,	dis-,	im-,	ir
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- 1) responsible -
- 2) active —
- 3) friendly —
- 4) patient —
- 5) obedient —
- 6) tidy-

3.Complete the sentences with *used to* and a suitable verb from the list. have –play- snore –live- be

1) I	in Bristol, but I moved to Edinburgh. 2) She	long hair.
3)you_	any musical instrument? 4) He didn't	- <i>0</i>
5) There	a garden in front of the house, now you can	see a
restaurant in its pla	ace.	

4. Choose the word that describes that personality type

- 1) A person who likes to give or share things with others.
- 2) Someone who always tells the truth.
- 3) A person who is quick at learning new things.
- 4) Someone who is always on time.
- 5) A person who can't keep a secret.
- 1) A) selfish B) interesting C) generous
- 2) A) comical B) honest C) ungrateful
- 3) A) spoiled B) clever C) easygoing
- 4) A) punctual B) bland C) skeptical
- 5) A) talkative B) depressing C) pushy

5. Write what can make you nervous, upset or irritated. What can change your mood for the better! Write 8 sentences.

Unit-2- Choose the Career

Variant-1

I. Read the definition of professions, try to guess and name them.

- 1. Some who can count well and keeps the money records of a business.
- 2. Someone who makes walls with bricks.
- 3. Someonewhodesignsclothes.
- 4. Someone who writes computer programs.
- 5. Someone who gets cash or pays out money in a shop.

II. Supply the best word or words

- 1. The person in charge of a business is informally known as the....
- a) chef; b) chief;c) boss.
- 2. The person who is in charge of a car is the....
- a) guideb) leader;c) motorist;d) driver;e) conductor.
- 3. A person who prepares food is....
- a) cook; b) cooker.
- 4. A person who works in an office is an....
- a) office worker; b) officer.
- 5. A person who takes photograph is a....
- a) photographer; b) photograph;c) photography.

III. Matchthecolumns.

- 1) A person who undertakes investigations in order to discover new facts or to get additional information
- 2) A man who uses land for growing crops and raising animals.
- 3) A workman who makes and repairs furniture.
- 4) A person whose work is filling, cleaning, taking out our teeth.
- 5) A person who trains sportsmen for competitions.
 - a) a coach
 - b) a researcher
 - c) a farmer
 - d) a carpenter
 - e) a dentist

IV. Put in the verbs in brackets into the gaps.

__ Andy __ on the blue car? (To work)
 My brother __ hard enough. (Not / to study)
 How long __ they __ for a flat? (To look)
 I __ my homework. (Not / to do)
 __ you ___ the whole morning? (To sleep)

V. Translate the following sentences.

- 1) The airline is legally responsible for the safety of its passengers.
- 2) She applied for a job with the local newspaper.
- 3) They offered him a very good job, but he turned it down.

Unit-2- Choose the Career

Variant-2

I. Read the definition of professions, try to guess and name them.

- 1. Someonewhorepairscars.
- 2. Someone who works at the reception desk of a hotel.
- 3. Someone whose job is to design buildings.
- 4. Someone whose job is to manage a company.
- 5. Someone who studies or works in physics.

II. Supply the best word or words

- 1. A person who knows how to use a keyboard is a....
- a) typewriter; b) typist;c) typing machine writer.
- 2. A woman who looks after other people's children is a....
- a) nanny; b) nurse.
- 3. The person you work with is your....
- a) college; b) colleague;c) collaborator.
- 4. The person who is in charge of a restaurant is the....
- a) patron; b) manager.
- 5. The person who would service your car is....
- a) a mechanic; b) an engineer; c) a technician.

III. Matchthecolumns.

- 1. A person whose work is shaving and cutting men's hair
- 2. A man who acts on the stage, on TV or in films.
- 3. A person who writes and keeps accounts.
- 4. A man who delivers post.
- 5. A member of the army.
- a) anactor
- b) anaccountant
- c) a postman
- d) a soldier
- e) a barber

IV. Put in the verbs in brackets into the gaps.

- 1) Andrew ____ in the country. (Not/to live)
- 2) How long ___ your grandparents ___ this car? (To drive)
- 3) They ___ . (Not / to cycle)
- 4) Tony ____ this book, but Mary has. (Not / to read)
- 5) How long __ he __ for her? (To wait)

V. Translate the following sentences.

- 1) She's a very competent, well-paid housekeeper.
- 2) There are still two vacancies on the school board.

3) I'm not satisfied with the work conditions.

Unit-3- Why Go to School?

Variant-1 I. Complete the sentences with Conditional I and the words from the box. 1) If Caroline and Sue_____ the salad, Phil ____ the house. 2) If Sue ____ the onions for the salad, Caroline ____ the mushrooms. 3) Jane __ the sitting room if Aaron and Tim __ the furniture. 4) If Bob __ up the kitchen, Anita __ the toilet. 5) Elaine _____ the drinks if somebody ____ her carry the bottles. II. Fill the gaps with the correct tenses. 1) I (learn) ____ English for seven years now. 2) But last year I (not / work) hard enough for English, that's why my marks (not / be) ____ really that good then. 3) As I (pass / want) ____ my English exam successfully next year, I (study) __ harder this term. 4) During my last summer holidays, my parents (send) ____ me on a language course to London. 5) It (be) __ great and I (think) I (learn) a lot. III. Fill in the gaps with the new words. 1) I think people can live together in a spirit of ____trust. 2) Games and songs provide the perfect _____ for classroom interaction and language development. 3) Sally _____ a good knowledge of Chinese.

IV. Translate into Ukrainian.

- 1) Do you participate in out-of-school activities in English?
- 2) Would you like to study any other foreign languages?
- 3) Will you future career require the knowledge of English? Why?

Unit-3- Why Go to School?

Variant-2

I. Complete the sentences with Conditional I and the words from the	
box.	
1) If Alan and Rebecca the food, Mary and Connor the	
sandwiches.	
2) If Bob the barbecue, Sue the guests in.	
3) Frank the DJ if the others along their CDs.	
4) Alan the drinks if Jane him some of her cocktail recipes.	
5) If they all their best, the party great.	
II. Fill the gaps with the correct tenses.	
1) Before I (go) to London, I (not / enjoy) learning English.	
2) But while I (do) the language course, I (meet) lots of young	
people from all over the world.	
3) There I (notice) how important it (be) to speak foreign languages	
nowadays.	
4) Now I (have) much more fun learning English than I (have)	
before the course.	
5) At the moment I (revise) English grammar.	
III. Fill in the gaps with the new words.	
1) He was a young singer who has his full potential successfully.	
2) Languages are an essential part of the school	
3) Most students choose one area for research.	

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- 1) What are your usual class activities during English lesson?
- 2) How long have you been studying English?
- 3) Did you study English at the primary school?

Unit-4- National Cuisine

Unit-4- National Cuisine
Variant-1 I. Fill in the gaps. 1) The price lunch. 2) We had fish for the main 3) The buffet here of several different Chinese dishes. 4) The from Mexico are really incredible in this restaurant.
 II. Choose the answer that best completes each statement. 1) Sara eats soup from a a) bowl b) plate c) pan 2) Little Timmy shouldn't eat his meatloaf with his fingers. He should use
 a) knife b) fork c) spoon 3) I am going to sauté the onions now. Please hand me the a) pot b) platter c) skillet
III. Complete the sentences with 2nd Conditional and the words from the box. Janine is a daydreamer. She imagines what would happen if she won the lottery.
play- have- be -have- pick-come- hit- have- invite- want
1) If I the lottery, I a chance to hit the jackpot. 2) If I the jackpot, I rich. 3) I all my friends if I a house by the beach. 4) I my friends up in my yacht if they to spend their holidays on my island. 5) We great parties if my friends to my island.
IV. Your task is to complete the sentences with the adjectives from the box: fresh, low - fat, spicy, takeaway.
1. Indian food like curry is very

Unit-4- National Cuisine
 Variant-2 I. Fill in the gaps. 1) The from Mexico are really incredible in this restaurant. 2) Vegetarian is very popular nowadays. 3) Thanksgiving is a really big in the States. 4) To apples means to cook them slowly in liquid.
II. Choose the answer that best completes each statement.1) Little Timmy shouldn't eat his meatloaf with his fingers. He should use a
a) knife b) fork c) spoon 2) I am going to sauté the onions now. Please hand me the a) pot b) platter c) skillet 3) Use a to cut your steak. a) spoon b) tongs c) knife
III. Complete the sentences with 2nd Conditional and the words from the box. Janine is a daydreamer. She imagines what would happen if she won the lottery.
find-charter - be - change-be- like - buy - own - build- feel
 If I rich, my life completely. I a lonely island, if I a nice one. If I a lonely island, I a huge house by the beach. If we to go shopping in a big city, we a helicopter. But if my friends' holidays over, I very lonely on my lonely is land.
IV. Your task is to complete the sentences with the adjectives from the box: frozen, home – made, raw, sweet.
1 Food which is kept very cold is

3 Sushi is made with ... fish.

4 People on a diet often try to eat ... food.

- 2 These eggs are ..., I bought them today.
- 3 I like my mum's cooking. ... food is always the best.
- 4 This tea is very You have put too much sugar in it.

Unit-5 Communication Technologies

Variant-1

1. Match the words with the definitions:

- 1. icon;
- 2. surf;
- 3. software;
- 4. mouse;
- 5. to download:
- 6. internet:
- 7. network;
- 8. virus;

- a) controls the location of the cursor;
- b) programmes on a computer;
- c) to receive material from the internet onto your;
- d) to look at internet pages;
- e) programme which can harm your computer;
- f) the world wide web;
- g) a picture representing a programme;
- h) two or more computers directly linked

2. Match the phrasal verbs with the meaning:

- 1. to back up;
- 2. to log off;
- 3. to log in/on(to);
- 4. to pick up (email);
- 5. to print out;
 - a) to disconnect from the Internet, a website;
 - b) to make a paper copy of something on a computer;
 - c) to make a copy of the information on a computer programme or disk;
 - d) to connect to the internet, a website;
 - e) to connect to the Internet and access emails:

3. Choose the correct item

- 1) Which one is not an output device?
- a) Printer
- b) Monitor
- c) Keyboard
- d) Modem
- 2) Which one works as an output and input device?
- a) Modem
- b) Scanner
- c) Mouse
- d) Monitor
- 3) All computers must have:
- a) Word processing software
- b) An operating system
- c) A printer attached
- d) A virus checking program
- 4) The brain of the computer is called:
- a) Random Access Memory or RAM
- b) Central Processing Unit or CPU
- c) Read Only Memory or ROM
- d) BIOS
- 5) An operating system is:

- a) Integrated softwareb) CD-ROM softwarec) Application softwared) System software
- **4.**Answer the questions:

Do you know what a cyber café is ? Have you ever been to one? Do you chat online? What can you use the Internet for?

Unit-5 Communication Technologies

Variant-2

1.Match the words with the definitions:

programmer;
 pop-up;
 shortcut;
 printer;
 keyboard;
 hardware;
 cursor;
 a) icon that connects directly to a file, folder;
 b) marks where you are going to type;
 c) we use it to type into a computer;
 d) hardware that puts material from computer paper;
 e) another word for computer screen;

8. monitor; f) message or screen that appears without

direct;

g) person who makes up a computer;h)equipment which makes up a computer;

2.Match the phrasal verbs with the meaning:

- 1. to log off/out;
- 2. to scroll up/down;
- 3. to zoom in;
- 4. to hack into;
- 5. to $\log in/on(to)$;
- a) to get into someone else's computer system without permission in order to look at information or do something illegal;
- b) to finish using a computer system;
- c) to connect to the Internet, a website;
- d) to show a clear and detailed picture of something;
- e) to move up/down a web page or other document on a computer screen;

3. Choose the correct item

- 1) Software is:
- a) A computer programb) A set of instructionsc) All of the aboved) Only in operating systems
- 2) One MB is equal to:
- a) The amount of RAM in every computer b) 1 billion bytes c) 1024 KB d) 1 thousand bytes
- 2) The resolution of a printer is measured in:
- a) Megabits b) Hz
- c) Dots per inch (DPI) d) Inches (diagonal)

- 4) Windows and Macintosh computers:
- a) Are both manufactured by Motorola
- c) Use the same operating system
- 5) A computer port is used to:
- a) Communicate with other computer peripherals
- c) Communicate with all hard drives
- b) Download files from the web
- d) Connect computers together

b) Both use Intel microprocessors

d) Are not compatible

4. Answer the questions:

For what purpose do young people use the Internet? How does the Internet affect our lives? What do you know about viruses? Do you buy anything on the Internet?

Unit-6 Is the Earth in Danger?

Variant-1

1.Match the words with the definitions:

- a) a typhoon;
- b) a whirlwind;
- c)a disaster;
- d) a drought;
- e)an avalanche;
- f) a hurricane;
- g) a deforestation;
- h) a whirlpool;

- 1. a mass of snow, ice and rock that slides rapidly down the side of a mountain;
- 2. a very bad accident, eg. a crash or a fire, that causes great damage or loss of life; a catastrophe;
- 3. a violent storm with very strong winds, esp. in the western Atlantic Ocean;
- 4. a violent tropical storm in the western Pacific;
- 5. a place in a river or the sea where there are strong currents moving in circles;
- 6. a period of continuous dry weather, esp. when there is not enough water for people's needs;
- 7. removing trees or forests from a place;
- 8. a column of air that turns round and round very rapidly

2.Translate into English:

- 1. частий----
- 2. стійкий-----
- 3. траплятися, відбуватися----
- 4. завдаватизбитків, пошкоджувати-----
- 5. загроза----
- 6. ризик, небезпека----
- 7. випаровуватися----
- 8. стежити, простежувати----
- 9. вижити, залишитися живим----
- 10.забруднення---

3. Fill in the blanks with cause/causes or reason/reasons:

1. What was the of the first	re?
2. What are your for	leaving the job?
3. The why I'm la	te is that I missed the bus.
4. Police are investigating the	main of the explosion.
5. The increase in violent crin	ne has several
Unit-6 -Is th	ne Earth in Danger?
Variant-2	
1.Match the words with the definitions:	
a)a tornado; b)an earthquake; c)a hailstorm; d)a blizzard; e) a thunderstorm; f) a flood; g) a volcano; h) a hazard;	 1.a mountain with a large opening on the top, and sometimes others on the side, through which melted rocks and gases escape with great force; 2.a thing that can be dangerous or cause damage; a danger or risk; 3.a violent storm with very strong circular winds over a small area; 4.a sudden violent movement of the earth's surface; 5. a period of heavy hail-frozen rain falling as little balls of ice in a shower; 6. a severe snowstorm with strong winds; 7. a storm with thunder and lightning and shocked; 8. a large quantity of water covering an area that is usually dry
2. Translate into English: 1. рятувати 2. пара 3. схил 4. підніматися, високолітати 5. глобальнепотепління 6. зруйнований 7. причина(2x) 8. зсув, обвал 9. залишатися на сторожі 10. утікати 3. Fill int he blanks with cause/causes or 1. Smoking is one of the main of	

2.	We have good	to believe that	at he is lying.
3.	The onlys	he didn't win was that	she had injured her knee.
4.	They still haven't	found out the	of the fire.
5.	You have no	for complaint.	

Unit-7 Do you like sports?

Variant-1

1. Match the words with their definitions:

- 1. an achievement;
- 2. a contest;
- 3. a participant;
- 4. a spectator;
- 5. mountaineering;
- 6. gliding;
- 7. yachting;
- 8. fencing;
- 9. an opponent;
- 10.a fan;

- a) a person who watches a show or a game;
- b) an event in which people compete against each other for a prize;
- c) a person who admires or supports sb/ sth very strongly;
- d) a thing done successfully, esp with effort & skill;
- e) a person who takes part in sth;
- f) the activity of climbing mountains;
- g) the sport of fighting with swords;
- h) a person who is against another person in a game, a fight, a struggle or an argument;
- i) the activity of sailing in yachts for pleasure or as a sport;
- j) the sport of flying in gliders

2. Translate into English:

- 1. тренування по атлетиці—
- 2. вдарятим'яч—
- 3. виграти кубок—
- 4. встановити рекорд—
- 5. об'єднювати—
- 6. захоплюватись(чимось)—
- 7. забити гол—
- 8. біг з перешкодами—

3. Arrange these words to make sentences.

- 1. go never I almost fishing.
- 2. always they tennis the at play weekends.
- 3. go do often jogging how you?

- 4. every do we day exercises morning.
- 5. ever Charlie do does aerobics?
- 6. do on you what usually Saturdays do?

Unit-7 Do you like sports?

Variant-2

1. Match the words with their definitions:

- 1. an opposition;
- 2. a pitch;
- 3. to tackle;
- 4. to score;
- 5. diving;
- 6. archery;
- 7. referee;
- 8. tournament;
- 9. squash;
- 10.canoeing;

- a) an official who controls a sports games & makes sure that players do not break the rules;
- b) the skill or sport of shooting with a bow & arrows;
- c) the state or action of opposing sb/ sth; resistant;
- d) the sport of diving into water or of swimming & exploring under water;
 - e) the sport of travelling in a canoe;
- f) a game played by 2 people with rackets & a small soft rubber ball, in a court enclosed by 4 walls;
- g) an area of ground prepared & marked for a game; a sports ground or field;
 - h) to try to take the ball from an opponent;
- i) to gain points, goals, etc in a game or competition; to keep a record of the points in a game or competition;
- j) a contest involving a number of competitors, esp one in which the loser at each stage leaves the competition until only the winner remains;
- 2. Translate into English:
- 1. любительський спорт—
- 2. суперник—
- 3. надаватичудовіможливості (для чогось)—
- 4. санний спорт—
- 5. підтримувати форму і бути здоровим—
- 6. скачки з перешкодами—
- 7. метання молота—
- 8. піднімання штанги—

- 3. Write a second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first. Use the words in *brackets*!
- 1. We have decided to help with the project. (going)
- 2. We're willing to wait for you. ('ll)
- 3. You can get off this train at Bath. (*stops*)
- 4. My friend has decided to meet us. (*going*)
- 5. Adrian's job interview is on 17 October. (having)
- 6. Our meal will be over by 8 o'clock. (*finished*)

II-Course

1. Being a student

Variant-1

I. Match the words with their definitions

To get to know to help

To join to go to an event, place

To assist to become a member of any organization

To attend to spend time gradually learn more about smth

II. Chose the correct item.

- 1. Why aren't you listening to me? If only you how important it is!
 - a) Realized
 - b) had realized
 - c) would have realized
- 2. The other day I watched a dog dance in the middle of the square. If I it with my own eyes, I would have never believed it.
 - a) didn't see
 - b) hadn't seen
 - c) wouldn't have seen
- 3. You'd better this water; it might be infected.
 - a) Not drink
 - b) don't drink
 - c) not to drink

III. Fill in the blanks with if, even if or unless.

- 1. They won't finish this job on time ...they start right away, so let's get down to work.
- 2. It 'll be boring Garry comes.
- 3. Clive hates parties and won't come you invite him

IV. Complete the sentences by changing the verbs in brackets into the First or Second Conditional form.

- 1. If I (speak) Italian, I would move to Florence
- 2. If I (be) you, I will notify them of the changes
- 3. If we don't invite Jeffrey, hebe offended.

V. Write 5-6 advices to your friend how to improve his/her English.

1. Being a student

Variant-2

I. Match the words with their definitions

To boost a process of judgement someone's knowledge

Precisely extremely tired or having no energy

An assessment exactly

Exhausted to increase smth

II. Chose the correct item.

- 1. I'd rather you me with washing up. There are a lot of dirty dishes in the sink.
 - a) help
 - b) helped
 - c) should have
- 2. Herald us Christmas greetings if he knew our address in Glasgow.
 - a) would send
 - b) would have sent
 - c) sent
- 3. If you were not busy tomorrow I you to go on a picnic with us.
 - 1. Would invite
 - 2. invited
 - 3. will invite

III. Fill in the blanks with if, even if or unless.

- 1. David will come you invite him
- 2. Tom won't know about the party you tell him
- 3. This is too bad job. We won't finish it on time we start right away

IV. Complete the sentences by changing the verbs in brackets into the First or Second Conditional form.

1. If it(stop) raining we'll have to cancel the tennis game

- 2. If you loved her, you(lie) to her
- 3. If you (finish), show me your notebook

Write 5-6 advices to your friend how to prepare for exams. V.

	2-Make up your Mind
	Variant-I
	I. Complete the sentences .
	1.If I (give up) smoking, I would save \$5000 a year.
	2. If I(can) get back to London in time, I'll definitely come.
	3.If you buy one t-shirt, you (buy) the second one free.
	4. If I run into her, I(tell) her that you're looking for her.
	5. If you were her, what (to do)?
	II. Use Present Perfect or the Present Perfect Continuous with the verbs in
	brackets.
1.	How long (you/try) to find a job.
2.	I (study) English for 5 years.
3.	They are wet. They (walk)
4.	How many letters of application (you/write)?
5.	Tom (wait) her wife since 5 p.m.
III. Tı	ranslate into English.
1.	Типовиненподатизаявуназвільнення, якщотихочешзалишитироботу.
2.	Ви маєте будь-якийдосвідроботи?
3.	Робота може бути високооплачуванаабонизькооплачувана.
4.	Її бос звільнивіїминулоготижня.
5.	Ми вимагаємовільноговолодінняанглійською.
	IV. Fill in the file below.
	Job name
	Job Applicant's Name
	City Country
	Interests
	Length of stay
	Skills
	Work experience
	Personal qualities

Salary
Reason for Applying
2-Make up your Mind
Variant-II
I. Complete the sentences.
1. What would you say if you(see) Johnny Depp?
2. If I see him, I(tell) him.
3. If I saw her again, I(speak) to her.
4. If you needed a hand, I (can) come and help you out.
5. If it doesn't start snowing, we (to go skiing) this evening.
II. Use Present Perfect or the Present Perfect Continuous with the verbs in brackets.
1. How many jobs (you/have)?
2. How long (you/live) here?
3. They (go out) together since June.
4. She is tired. She (work) all night.
5. She (learn) seven poems.
\
III. TranslateintoEnglish.
1. Ти повинен заповнити анкету, коли подаєш заявку на роботу.
2. Яківашінайкращіякості?
3. Робота може бути добре оплачуванаабо погано оплачувана.
4. Вінпішов на пенсіюминулого року.
5. Компаніяшукаєпрацівників без досвідуроботи.
IV. Fill in the file below.
Job name
Job Applicant's Name
City Country
Interests
Length of stay

Skills_____

Salary_____

Work experience_____
Personal qualities______

Reason	for A	Applyin	σ	
rcason	101 1	zpprym	5	

3. Family Relationship

Variant 1

I. Translate into English:

- 1. Відповідальний
- 2. Чистий
- 3. Працьовитий
- 4. Досвідчений
- 5. Чемний
- 6. Метушливий

II. Match the words with their definitions:

- 1. An adolescent
- 2. Negotiation
- 3. To blame
- 4. To obey

- a. to do what someone in a position of an authority tells you to do
- b. discussion between the representatives of opposing groups
- c. to say or thing that someone or something is responsible for something bad
- d. a young person who is developing into an adult

III. Make up sentences (3rd Conditional):

- 1. To have money to buy a new car
- 2. To pass the exam to study more
- 3. To buy the new house to be cheap

IV. Choose the 3rd Conditional form to complete the sentence:

1. I would go skiing more often if we ... (live) closer to the ski resort.

- 2. If I had a key, I ... (let) you inside.
- 3. If I ... (know) you were coming, I would have thrown a party.
- 4. If we ... (get) lost, we would have arrived in time.

3. Family Relationship

Variant 2

I. Translate into English:

- 1. Лінивий
- 2. Балакучий
- 3. Суворий
- 4. Грубий
- 5. Тихий
- 6. Тактовний

II. Match the words with their definitions:

- 1.An approach
- 2. To assault
- 3. To interfere
- 4.To prevent

- a. To stop someone from doing something or to stop something from happening
- b. To get involved in a situation that does not concerned you, and try to influence what happens in a way that annoys people
- c. To attack someone in a violent way
- d. A method of doing something or dealing with a problem

III. Make up sentences (3rd Conditional):

- 1. To employ her to have the right qualification
- 2. To win the game to train hard
- 3. To be offered the job to take it

Choose the 3rd Conditional form to complete the sentence: IV.

- 1. The show ... (clean), if I had had the shovel.
- 2. If John ... (be) in town, he would invite you to this new restaurant.
- 3. If he had given her his email address, she ... (send) him the price list.
- 4. Where would you live, if you ... (have) this house .

Unit-4- EATING OUT

V

e the answer that best co	mpletes each statement.		
	•		
b) plate	c) pan		
Timmy shouldn't eat his m	neatloaf with his fingers. He should use a		
b) fork	•		
oing to sauté the onions no	ow. Please hand me the		
b) platter	c) skillet		
into English:			
заможна сім'я			
обходитися(без чогось)-			
3. нащадок			
4. національна кухня			
5. складатися з			
страва			
прийти побалакати за ч	ашечкою чаю		
скибка хліба			
гірчиця			
· · · /			
	Fimmy shouldn't eat his m b) fork bing to sauté the onions no b) platter into English: заможна сім'я обходитися(без чогось)- нащадок національна кухня страва		

Match the dishes with the appropriate ingredients II.

Ratatouille is made with	a mayonnaise dressing
Ratafia is made from	almonds
Pasta is made from	tomatoes and lettuce

A seafood cocktail is served with Hamburgers are served with	flour, eggs and water red peppers
<i>III.</i> Rewrite sentences in report1. "Take these bags, please" she ask	=
2. "When did you paint this room?"	my parents inquired
3. "You were sitting in the pub" she	said
IV. Make up a dialogue about v	risiting a restaurant.
Unit-4	- EATING OUT
<u>Variant-2</u>	
a) knifeb) fork2) I am going to sauté the onions nov	eatloaf with his fingers. He should use a c) spoon
a) spoon b) tongs	c) knife
II. TranslateintoEnglish:	
1.смажена яловичина 2.страва 3.волоський горіх та ізюм 4.кисле молоко 5.збите тісто 6. віддирати від кісток 7. хрін 8. свиняче сало 9. рецепт 10. стружка 11. сирий 12. важлива їжа	
1. A good part of the Grown her	nge of from pasta to stuffed vine leaves

3.	oday's midday consists of home-made pesto and tomato sandwiches IV. Rewrite sentences in reported speech	
1.	"You were sitting in the pub" she said	
2.	"We have never tried any drugs" they claim	
3.	"They are going to assess our written exams tomorrow" said a student	
	V. Make up a dialogue about visiting a café.	
	Unit-5-It's your planet	
	Variant-I	
	I. Translate into English	
	1. Використанняорганічногопаливазабруднюєнавколишнє середовище і спричиняє глобальне потепління.	
	2. Пестициди – цехімікати, яківикористовуються для знищення комах і тварин, якішкодятьврожаю.	
	3. Питаннязахистувимираючихвидів обговорювалося на попереднійзустрічі.	
	4. Чиможемо ми справитися з усімацимизмінами?	
	5. Багатогазів, яківиробляються нашими фабриками, ϵ шкідливими для нашогоздоров	'я.
	II. Complete with appropriate Active or Passive	
1	His name (associate) with invisible rays.	
2	At the moment many people (drive) car dangerously.	
3	Goddard (construct) the first rocket in 1926.	
4	The garage mechanic (not/repair) the car yet.	
5	The newspaper (deliver) early next morning.	
	III. Rewrite the following sentences, starting with the given words	
1	It was reported that Stephenson had built the steam engine.	
	Stephenson	
2	People say that she is interested in chemistry.	

	She
3.	It is thought that Bell invented a telephone.
	Bell
4.	It was believed that the Earth was not the only planet in the Galaxy.
	The Earth
5.	People expect that scientists are developing new technologies
	Scientists
	IV. Imagine that you are taking part in the ecological summit. Make up your speech about environmental problems in Rivne region.
	Unit-5-It's your planet
	Variant-II
	I. Translate into English
	1. Миповиннізупинитивирубуваннятропічнихлісів, якієнадзвичайноважливимидляглобальногоклімату.
	2. Один з найкращих способів захисту світових ресурсів — уникнення марноговикористання води та електроенергії.
	3. Кислотнідощі — цедощі, якімістять забруднення з фабрик та заводів, яке спричиняє шкоду лісам.
	4. Чизможемо ми йти в ногу з прогресом?
	5. Рівень води в морях та океанах піднімається, призводячи до катастрофічнихповеней та штормів.
	II. Complete with appropriate Active or Passive
1.	The environment (destroy) all the time by using automobiles.
2.	Alternative source of energy (need) soon.
3.	The weather around the world (change) now.
4.	Water in many countries (contaminate) with toxic chemicals recently.
5.	Many consumers (not/want) to eat GM food.
	III. Rewrite the following sentences, starting with the given words
1.	It was reported that Stephenson had built the steam engine.
	Stephenson
2.	People say that she is interested in chemistry.

2.

She

3. It is thought that Bell invented a telephone.

Bell

4. It was believed that the Earth was not the only planet in the Galaxy.

The Earth ...

5. People expect that scientists are developing new technologies

Scientists

IV. Imagine that you are taking part in the ecological summit. Make up your speech about environmental problems in Rivne region.

Unit-6-Speaking about Art.

Variant-1

I. Write the definitions of the given words

1. Sequel

4. Star

2. Soundtrack

5. Subtitles

3. Special effects

6. Script

II. Put the verbs in brackets into the Present Participle or Past Participle

- 1. The hunters were absolutely silent ... (follow) the tiger's footsteps.
- 2. He arranged the whole trip for the English tourists ...(wish) to visit the Carpathian Mountains.
- 3. ...(shock) by his boss' terrible behavior, Helen decided to quit the post

III. Translate into English:

- 1. експонат, показ;
- 2. виставка, експозиція;
- 3. бароко;
- 4. напрямок, тенденція, спрямування;
- 5. малювати портрет;
- 6. натюрморт;
- уривок;
- 8. присвячувати;

- 9. авангард;
- 10. попередник;
- 11. старожитність, пам'яткастаровини;
- 12. розрізняти, вирізняти;

IV. Write a review of a book/ film

Unit-6-Speaking about Art.

Variant-2

I. Write the definitions of the given words

Audience
 Cast
 Director
 Audience
 Plot
 Scene
 Script

II. Put the verbs in brackets into the Present Participle or Past Participle

- 1. The President climbed the stage, ... (follow) by his family.
- 2. She had to stay at customs for 5 hours ... (need) some extra medical papers for her dog to be allowed to enter.
- 3. ... (enter) new stage of her life, she dyed her hair red and bought a dog.

III. Translate into English:

- 1. надихати;
- 2. ілюстрований часопис;
- 3. пейзаж;
- 4. фреска;
- 5. сільський пейзаж;

- 6. шедевр;
- 7. Ренесанс;
- 8. шляхетний, знатний, благородний;
- 9. Візантія;
- 10. жанр;
- 11. розповсюджувати;
- 12. виставляти на показ;

IV. Write a review of a book/ film

Unit-7 People and Society. Focus on Youth

Variant – 1

I. Translate into English

1. Залежний

4. Скептичний

2. Спокійний

5. Неохайний

3. Зухвалий

6. Самовдоволений

- II. Complete the sentences with the correct forms of the verbs in brackets (Infinitive or Gerund).
 - 1. Don't forget ... (do) your homework tonight.
 - 2. I'm finishing ... (read) the article.
 - 3. Bob wrote to me he was looking forward to ... (see) us at Christmas.
 - III. Open the brackets and use the Gerund, the Present Participle or the Infinitive with or without "to"
 - 1. Let him ... (come) again tomorrow.
 - 2. I stopped for a moment ... (speak) to him.
 - 3. I need ...(see) Dr. Smith at once
 - 4. Don't let it ...(fall), it's very brittle
- IV. ChoosetheGerund, the Present Participle or the Infinitive with or without "to" to open the brackets and complete the sentences.
 - 1. Do you enjoy ... (look) at these strip cartoons?

- 2. Do you remember ... (see) an advertisement for the new Ford cars in yesterday's paper?
- 3. I saw a man ... (stand) at the street corner ... (sell) newspapers.
- 4. These cinema advertisement do not make me ... (want) ... (see) the films.

V. Write about Ukrainian teenagers and their problems

Unit-7 People and Society. Focus on Youth

Variant - 2

I. Translate into English

1. Нудний

2. Дратівливий

3. Незграбний

- 4. Погано вихований
- 5. Самовпевнений
- 6. Цинічний

II. Complete the sentences with the correct forms of the verbs in brackets (Infinitive or Gerund).

- 1. Frank says he promises ... (give up) ... (smoke).
- 2. Cheer up and keep ... (smile).
- 3. I have no idea what ... (choose) for a dessert.

III. Open the brackets and use the Gerund, the Present Participle or the Infinitive with or without "to"

- 1. Do you allow them ... (smoke) there?
- 2. He is not yet used to ... (operate) this machine.
- 3. It's no use ... (tell) him to be careful.
- 4. He came down to tea after ... (wash) his face.

IV. ChoosetheGerund, the Present Participle or the Infinitive with or without "to" to open the brackets and complete the sentences.

- 1. Try ... (solve) the puzzle in yesterday's paper without ... (look) at the answers in today's paper.
- 2. Did you remember ... (buy) a copy of the Star on your way home?
- 3. Please let me ... (help) you ... (solve) that puzzle.
- 4. Would you like ... (see) them?

V. Write about Ukrainian teenagers and their problems

Підсумкова контрольна робота Ікурс

Variant I

1)Match the words and definitions:

1. a TV set a. to take photographs

2. a car b. to have fun and to entertain

3. a computer c. to watch pre-recorded videos

4. a video player d. to write programs, play games, find and use

information

5. a camera e. to move wherever you want by yourself

2) Choose and circle the correct words,

- 1) There should be a broader *curriculum/schooling* in high schools for post-16-year-old pupils.
- 2) In Britain, a *boarding/comprehensive* school is a state school in which children of all abilities are taught together.
- 3) A *grammar/private* school is a school in Britain for children aged between eleven and eighteen who have a high academic ability.
- 4) A grade/skill is a mark indicating the quality of a student's 'work.
- 5) A head/graduate teacher is a teacher who is in charge of a school.

3) Complete the sentences with the words from the box.

Circumstances	personality	extraordinary	drawback
ontimists			
1) Her main	is b	eing too obstinate becon of other people.	cause she doesn't
want to take into con	nsideration the opinion	on of other people.	
		ot always influence or	
		in everything	
4) Only a real	ca	an succeed in life.	
		es are natural outgrov	wths of the decade in
which they were inv	ented.		
		rect word given in b	
1) They usually look	x for	for their projects on	the Internet.(inform,
information)			
2) With the help of t	he Internet I have go	ot an opportunity to sh	nare my hobbies
andv	with my pen friends.	(interests, interesting)	
3) The	of the mobile phone	has changed our live	es greatly. (invent,
invention)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	8 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	J. (
,	s about inventions in	n different branches o	of .
(science, scientific)			
5) Tick the suitable	e answer.		
,		by plane. She's to	oo nervous
a) travel b) travelli		of plane. She's it	oo ner vous.
2. The traffic is		vas many vears ago.	
a) badder b) more		tus many yours ago.	
	*	the Loch Ness 1	nonster?
a) saw b) will see	_	the Leen I vess I	
4. My brother	*		
a) used to wear b)		d to wearing	
5. "My father loves."			
a) So I do b) So a			
u) 201 u0 0) 200		-	
6) Choose from the	pairs of adjectives	to complete the sent	tences.
boring/bored de		_	
_		as quite	I need a rest!
2 I was		-	
	-	use I failed an exam.	
J			
Variant II			
· WI IWIIV AE			
1\ N/L-4-1-41			
1) Match the words	s and definitions:		

a. to keep food fresh for a long time

1. a vacuum cleaner

- 2. a fridge
 3. a mobile telephone
 4. a plane
 b. to receive or make calls around the home
 c. to perform everyday cleaning tasks
 d. a system for sending or receiving speech over long distance
- 5. a telephone e. to move fast and quick around the world

2) Choose and circle the correct words.

- 1) A *skill/opportunity* is a type of work or activity which requires special training and knowledge.
- 2) The subjects comprising a course of study in a school or college are usually called a *course/curriculum*.
- 3) *Knowledge/education* is information and understanding about a subject which a person has, or which all people have.
- 4) A *senior/graduate* is a person who has successfully completed a course of study or training.
- 5) A state secondary school in the UK to which pupils are admitted on the basis of ability is called a *comprehensive/grammar* school.

3) Complete the sentences with the words from the box.

Extraordinary	impressive	person	ality	possesses
ambitious				
1) Mark is a very	person	because his or	nly wish is to be	successful in
life.				
2) A	_ is someon	e who has a ver	ry strong charac	ter and is very
different from other peop				
3) The	_hairstyle i	s the hair that a	mazes and attra	cts the most
attention.				
4) Susan	such c	haracter traits t	that make her in	teresting to be
with.				
5) Your sister looks reall	у	in l	ner new dress.	
4) Complete the sentence	es with the	correct word	given in brack	ets.
1) They have decided to		a new website.	(designer, desig	gn)
2) It's very convenient to	do online		with the help of	f the Internet.
(shop, shopping)	_		•	
3) Mobile phones come i	n many		configuratio	ons.(differ,
different)				
4) The ability to	(communicate to	anyone anywh	ere is a
powerful concept of the 1	nobile phor	e. (easy, easily		

5) Tick the suitable answer.
1. What'sjob?
a) your b)yours c)you
2. I'm sorry, I can't come to the cinema with you because I to
study.
a) must b) have c) has
3. I've washed the floor. It's wet.
a) already b) just c) yet
4. He has the same car his sister.
a) as b) like c) than
5. The girl on the picture a blue dress.
a) wears b) wearing c) is wearing
6) Choose from the pairs of adjectives to complete the sentences.
exciting / excited relaxing / relaxed boring / bored
1 The film was really I nearly fell asleep.
2 The match was really Our team scored in the last minute.
3 Yoga is very It helps me forget all my stress.
Підсумкова контрольна робота ІІкурс
Variant-1
I. Complete the sentences with 2nd Conditional and the words from the box. Janine is a daydreamer. She imagines what would happen if she won the lottery.
I. Complete the sentences with 2nd Conditional and the words from the box. Janine is a daydreamer. She imagines what would happen if she won the
I. Complete the sentences with 2nd Conditional and the words from the box. Janine is a daydreamer. She imagines what would happen if she won the lottery. find-charter - be - change-be- like - buy - own - build- feel
I. Complete the sentences with 2nd Conditional and the words from the box. Janine is a daydreamer. She imagines what would happen if she won the lottery. find-charter - be - change-be- like - buy - own - build- feel 1) If I rich, my life completely.
I. Complete the sentences with 2nd Conditional and the words from the box. Janine is a daydreamer. She imagines what would happen if she won the lottery. find-charter - be - change-be- like - buy - own - build- feel 1) If I rich, my life completely. 2) I a lonely island, if I a nice one.
I. Complete the sentences with 2nd Conditional and the words from the box. Janine is a daydreamer. She imagines what would happen if she won the lottery. find-charter - be - change-be- like - buy - own - build- feel 1) If I rich, my life completely. 2) I a lonely island, if I a nice one. 3) If I a lonely island, I a huge house by the beach.
I. Complete the sentences with 2nd Conditional and the words from the box. Janine is a daydreamer. She imagines what would happen if she won the lottery. find-charter - be - change-be- like - buy - own - build- feel 1) If I rich, my life completely. 2) I a lonely island, if I a nice one. 3) If I a lonely island, I a huge house by the beach. 4) If we to go shopping in a big city, we a helicopter.
I. Complete the sentences with 2nd Conditional and the words from the box. Janine is a daydreamer. She imagines what would happen if she won the lottery. find-charter - be - change-be- like - buy - own - build- feel 1) If I rich, my life completely. 2) I a lonely island, if I a nice one. 3) If I a lonely island, I a huge house by the beach. 4) If we to go shopping in a big city, we a helicopter. 5) But if my friends' holidays over, I very lonely on my lonely is
I. Complete the sentences with 2nd Conditional and the words from the box. Janine is a daydreamer. She imagines what would happen if she won the lottery. find-charter - be - change-be- like - buy - own - build- feel 1) If I rich, my life completely. 2) I a lonely island, if I a nice one. 3) If I a lonely island, I a huge house by the beach. 4) If we to go shopping in a big city, we a helicopter. 5) But if my friends' holidays over, I very lonely on my lonely is land.
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5. And on some *possibilities/occasions* I was left on my own as the person in charge of the whole of this enormous hotel

III. Answer the following questions

- 1. When were you able to give a definite answer about your future profession? Who helped you to make a choice?
- 2. Has your choice been changed from time to time? Why?
- 3. What should young girl (boy) do to be well suited for a chosen iob?

IV. Choose the correct word to complete each sentence

- 1. It was hard physical *job/work* ,you know, lifting people, helping them
- 2. I got my first *job/work* as an assistant receptionist in a hotel
- 3. It wasn't a very well-paid *job/work*, but then first *jobs/works* often aren't
- 4. I thought it was a great *opportunity/ possibility* to get some work experience
- 5. And on some *possibilities/occasions* I was left on my own as the person in charge of the whole of this enormous hotel

Variant-2

I. Complete the sentences with 2nd Conditional and the words from the box. Janine is a daydreamer. She imagines what would happen if she won the lottery.

play - have - be -have- pick- come - hit- have- invite- want			
1) If I the lottery, Ia chance to hit the jackpot.			
2) If I the jackpot, I rich.			
3) I all my friends if I a house by the beach.			
4) I my friends up in my yacht if they to spend their holidays on my			
island.			
5) We great parties if my friends to my island.			
II. Fill in the gaps with the correct Perfect Continuous forms of the verbs in			
brackets			
1. I(live) in this neighbourhood for six years now			
2. His girlfriend dumped his because he(see) another girl behind her back			
3. The doctor asked him how long he(feel) unwell			
4. They always go there for their holiday. They(go) there for years			
5. By the time I leave school, I(learn) English for more than ten years			
III. Open the brackets and use the Present Participle or The Perfect			
Participle forms			
1(write) out all the new words. I started to learn them			

- 2.(hear) my friend's voice, I left the room to open the door
- 3. We went home,(look) through) the documents
- 4.(drink) coffee she was talking to her pal
- 5.(throw) the ball, the little girl ran home

IV.Rephrase the sentences adding the appropriate suffix to the noun

- 1. Don't be such a **full**. Stop being
- 2. The magazine comes out every **week**. The magazine comes out
- 3. Look at all the **dirt** on your hands. Your hands are
- 4. The situation is without **hope**. The situation is
- 5. The injury is giving a lot of **pain**. The injury is

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