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Луцького національного технічного університету»



Іноземна мова за професійним спрямуванням

Методичні вказівки до виконання контрольних робіт
для здобувачів освіти освітньо-професійного ступеня фаховий молодший бакалавр
галузь знань 24 «Сфера обслуговування»
спеціальність 241 Готельно - ресторанна справа
денної форми навчання

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До друку

Голова методичної ради ВСП «Любешівський ТФК ЛНТУ»

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Електронна копія друкованого видання передана для внесення в репозитарій коледжу

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протокол № _____ від «_____» _____ 2023 р.

Рекомендовано до видання на засіданні циклової (методичної) комісії викладачів соціально-гуманітарних дисциплін, фізичного виховання та захисту України

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Іноземна мова за професійним спрямуванням [Текст]: Методичні вказівки до виконання контрольних робіт для здобувачів освіти III курсу освітньо-професійного ступеня фаховий молодший галузь знань 24 «Сфера обслуговування» спеціальність 241 Готельно - ресторанна справа денної форми навчання /уклад. О.В.Невірець., Смокович О.П., викладач II категорії – Любешів: ВСП «Любешівський ТФК ЛНТУ», 2023. – 63 с

Методичне видання складене відповідно до діючої програми курсу «Іноземна мова за професійним спрямуванням» з метою вивчення та засвоєння основних розділів дисципліни, містить контрольні завдання та перелік рекомендованої літератури.

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ЗМІСТ

1. Вступ.....	4
2. Test № 1.....	5
2.1 Варіант 1.1.....	5
2.2 Варіант 1.2.....	12
2.3 Варіант 1.3.....	17
2.4 Варіант 1.4.....	23
2.5 Варіант 1.5.....	29
3. Контрольна робота № 2.....	36
3.1 Варіант 2.1.....	36
3.2 Варіант 2.2.....	41
3.3 Варіант 2.3.....	46
3.4 Варіант 2.4.....	52
3.5 Варіант 2.5.....	57
4. Список літератури.....	62

Вступ

Розширення та якісні зміни характеру міжнародних зв'язків нашої держави, інтернаціоналізація усіх аспектів суспільного життя роблять іноземну мову реально необхідною в різних сферах діяльності людини. Вона стає дійовим фактором соціально-економічного, науково-технічного і загальнокультурного прогресу суспільства. Так, предметом вивчення Іноземної мови є не лише іноземна мова як система, але й мовленнєва діяльність, точніше, мовленнєва взаємодія на цій мові, культура народу-носія мови, а також певні мовні, лінгвокраїнознавчі та суто країнознавчі знання.

Головне призначення іноземної мови як освітньої галузі - стати засобом спілкування студентів завдяки сформованим комунікативним умінням: говоріння, розуміння зі слуху, читання та письма. Якщо навчальний заклад допоможе студентам навчитися говорити, слухати, читати та писати іноземною мовою, він водночас забезпечить їх доступ до інших національних культур і, тим самим, до світової культури. Це внесе суттєвий вклад у підвищення рівня їх гуманітарної освіти та розширення загального кругозору.

Головним завданням навчання іноземної мови в українських навчальних закладах є завдання навчити студентів користуватися іноземною мовою як засобом спілкування в усіх видах мовленнєвої діяльності в різноманітних ситуаціях реального життя. Зрозуміло, що протягом навчання студенти можуть досягти лише певного рівня спілкування в ситуаціях, обмежених як за кількістю, так і за тематикою. Для того щоб дізнатися, чи володіють учні іноземною мовою згідно з вимогами національного освітнього стандарту, необхідно здійснити точний та об'єктивний підсумковий контроль, під час якого і визначається рівень навчальних досягнень студента з предмету "Англійська мова".

Тестові контрольні роботи укладено з метою перевірки знань студентів спеціальності "Готельно - ресторанна справа" з дисципліни "Англійська мова". Завдання представлені у десяти варіантах включаючи лексичні та граматичні вправи. Для роботи з фаховою літературою обрано тексти з оригінальних друкованих видань.

1. Напишіть транскрипцію наступних слів і перекладіть їх українською мовою.

Guide	Thorough	Culinary
Tyre	Award	Initially
Restaurant	Cuisine	Legacy
Europe	Marketer	Anonymously
Rival	Vie	Expansion

2. Визначте до яких частин мови належать наступні слова і відповідно заповніть таблицю. Заповнену таблицю перекладіть українською мовою.

Establishment, introduce, extensive, wealth, maintain, creator, away, more, sparingly, entry, less, update, his, summary, listing, logo, poison, fame, chef, worth, outstanding, as, currently, a, who .

Noun	
Pronoun	
Verb	
Adverb	
Adjective	
Preposition	
Article	

3. Перекладіть наступні слова та словосполучення українською мовою й складіть з ними речення.

• Rival	• to claim
• to build up a company	• to set up a team of inspectors
• to enhance tourism	• on average
• legacy	• worth a detour
• up to date	• exceptional cuisine

4. Прочитайте й виконайте письмовий переклад тексту.

The Michelin dining guides have become the gold standard for restaurant reviews. The most lauded chefs in the world vie to earn the coveted Michelin stars—earning even one of three is considered a great achievement.

Creator of the Michelin Guides, it may surprise you to know that André Michelin was actually a French industrialist who, together with his brother Édouard, built up the then failing rubber company established in 1832 by their grandfather, the Michelin Tyre Co.

During the expansion process the company made the first pneumatic car tyres which could

be easily removed for repair in 1895. As a forward thinking marketeer, André began thinking of ways to enhance and encourage motoring tourism and began working of a free “give-away” promotion aimed at the ever increasing number of motorists. After all, the more people who bought and used cars, driving longer distances, the more tyres his company would sell. By 1900 the first Michelin Guide was being given away with every car sale.

Initially for the French market, it listed a wealth of information to help drivers maintain their cars, find decent lodging, and eat well while touring France. By 1920, the dining part had become so popular that Michelin set up a team of inspectors who would anonymously visit restaurants and rate them on a 3-category basis, now known as Michelin Stars. The cover of the guide was originally blue, but since 1931 has been red.

Although André Michelin died in 1931, his legacy lived on, with guides being regularly updated and expanded to cover other countries. Today a series of twelve guides list more than 45,000 hotels and restaurants across Europe, and the guide to France has sold 30 million copies since it was introduced. There are now Red Guides covering France, Austria, Netherlands, Belgium/Luxembourg, Italy, Germany, Spain/Portugal, Switzerland, and the UK/Ireland. The guide covering France is still by far the most thorough. There is also a Red Guide covering the "Main Cities of Europe". The first guides for cities outside of Europe were published in 2006 for New York City and for San Francisco. Guides for Tokyo, Los Angeles and Las Vegas have been released since November 2007. A guide for Hong Kong and Macau was published on 5 December 2008.

The Michelin Red Guide has historically had many more listings than its rivals, relying on an extensive system of symbols to describe each establishment in as little as two lines. These short summaries are written in the language of the country for which it is published, but the symbols are universal. The Red Guide uses anonymous inspections and does not charge for entries. Michelin claims to revisit establishments on average once every eighteen months in order to keep ratings up to date.

The guide awards one to three stars to a small number of restaurants of outstanding quality. Stars are awarded sparingly; for instance, in the UK and Ireland 2004 guide, out of 5,500 entries, there are 98 with one star ("a very good restaurant in its category"), 11 with two stars ("excellent cooking, worth a detour"), and only 3 with three stars ("exceptional cuisine, worth a special journey"). Since 1955, the guide has also highlighted restaurants offering "good food at moderate prices", a feature now called "Bib Gourmand". The name comes from Bib (Bibendum), the Michelin Man, Michelin's logo for over a century. The guide also has other ratings which restaurants can receive next to their listing.

Despite their fame, there are still many people today, both professional and non- professional cooks, who believe Michelin Stars to be meaningless, especially in the way they are awarded i.e.

by individuals giving their personal opinions which can't help but be based on their personal likes and dislikes. After all, to keep the culinary theme, one man's meat is another man's poison.
(originated from Wikipedia, the free encyclopaedia; www.recipes4us.co.uk;
www.findingdulcinea.com)

5. Придумайте до тексту заголовок й запишіть його англійською та українською мовами.

6. Знайдіть відповідники наступних слів й словосполучень англійською мовою в тексті та складіть з ними власні речення.

- | | |
|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| • далекоглядний маркетолог | • безкоштовний |
| • автомобільні шини | • кулінарна тема |
| • визнані шеф-кухарі | • публікувати |
| • охоплювати інші країни | • обширна система символів |
| • французький ринок | • виняткова кухня |

7. Перекладіть наступні твердження й визначте чи відповідають вони змісту тексту.

1. André Michelin was actually an Italian who had a restaurant business.
2. The first Michelin Guides had a blue cover.
3. The team of inspectors anonymously visits restaurants and rates them.
4. The guides don't cover countries outside Europe.
5. The most lauded chefs in the world vie to earn the coveted Michelin stars.

8. Знайдіть у тексті синоніми наступних слів запишіть їх і перекладіть українською мовою.

Nouns: cook, town, accommodation, travel, person. Verbs:
release, set up, assist, start, purchase.

9. Знайдіть у тексті антоніми наступних слів запишіть їх і перекладіть українською мовою.

Adjectives: intensive, last, short, little, meaningful. Verbs:
decrease, buy, lose, finish, live.
Adverbs: inside, finally, alone, badly, less.

10. Поєднайте слова у словосполучення і перекладіть їх українською мовою.

1) outstanding	a) reviews
2) dining	b) promotion
3) gold	c) achievement
4) moderate	d) stars
5) free	e) cuisine
6) special	f) quality
7) restaurant	g) journey

8) great	h) standard
9) to award	i) prices
10) exceptional	j) guides

11. Дайте тлумачення наступних слів і перекладіть їх українською мовою.

rate (v), review (n), cook (n), rating (n), universal (adj), quality(n).

12. Заповніть прогалини словами a, an some, any.

1. Would you like _____ cup of tea?
2. There's _____ butter in the fridge.
3. Ann doesn't feel very well this morning. She has got _____ headache.
4. There weren't _____ books in the house.
5. She'd like _____ new perfume.
6. There isn't _____ shampoo in the bathroom.
7. Sorry, I haven't got _____ matches.
8. They don't have _____ friends in the city.
9. She wants _____ glass of water.
10. I'd like _____ apple, please.

13. Визначте до якої групи належать наступні іменники.

Restaurant, rubber, city, star, meat, team, quality, fame, cook, brother, car, information, money, wealth.

Countable

Uncountable

14. Заповніть прогалини словами a few, a little, much, many.

1. There's some food, but not _____ drink.
2. I'm sorry, I haven't got _____ time.
3. I can lend you _____ money until tomorrow.
4. Can I ask you _____ questions?
5. We only have _____ petrol left.
6. I don't think _____ people will come tonight.
7. She started feeling ill only _____ days before the exam.
8. The journey was a short one: it didn't take _____ time.
9. Did they pay you _____ money for working there?
10. There aren't _____ towns in this part of England.

15. Розкрийте дужки, вживаючи дієслова у Past Simple.

1. Yesterday, I _____ (go) to the restaurant with a client.
2. We _____ (drive) around the parking lot for 20 minutes in order to find a parking space.
3. When we _____ (arrive) at the restaurant, the place _____ (be) full.
4. The waitress _____ (ask) us if we _____ (have) reservations.
5. I _____ (say), "No, my secretary _____ (forget) to make them."
6. The waitress _____ (tell) us to come back in two hours.

7. My client and I slowly _____ (walk) back to the car.
8. Then we _____ (see) a small grocery store.

16. Заповніть прогалини у реченнях відповідними прийменниками місця зтаблички та перекладіть їх українською мовою.

at, on, into, to, in, by

1. The sports results are _____ the back page of the paper.
2. Her brother lives _____ a small town _____ the south coast of Spain.
3. We usually go to work _____ car.
4. I must go _____ the bank today to change money.
5. He has just returned _____ France.
6. She arrived _____ the airport at 6.
7. Have you ever been _____ Ireland?
8. They got _____ the car and drove off.
9. Get _____ the train. It's going to leave.
10. I didn't see her _____ the party.

17. Утворіть ступені порівняння прикметників

Adjective	Comparative Degree	Superlative Degree
Good		
outstanding		
Small		
Expensive		
Easy		
Thorough		
Long		
Far		
Great		
Many		

18. Заповніть прогалини прикметниками з дужок та словами as...as, notas...as.

1. The blue car is _____ the red car. (fast)
2. The violin is _____ the cello. (not / low)
3. Were you really born in 1980? I didn't realise you were _____ me. (old)
4. Dogs are _____ cats. (not / independent)
5. Oliver is _____ Peter. (optimistic)
6. This summer is _____ last summer. (not / hot)
7. Nick is _____ Kevin. (brave)
8. Grapefruit juice is _____ lemonade. (not / sweet)
9. Today it's _____ yesterday. (not / windy)
10. For me, lying on the beach is _____ walking in the mountains. (not /relaxing)

19. Виправте помилки у поданих реченнях.

1. Last night, Samantha have pizza for supper.
2. What was happened to your leg?
3. Who is the person on this picture?
4. I keeped away from him. I knew how vicious he was.
5. There are too much water in the bath tub.
6. Last week, Tonya fix her neighbour's car.
7. This morning before coming to class, Jack eats two bowls of cereal.
8. They didn't stayed in a four star hotel.
9. New York is more bigger than London.
10. Did they have some news for you?

20. Знайдіть подані нижче назви країн Європи та перекладіть їх українською мовою (слова можуть бути ←, ↑, →, ↓ та по діагоналі).

A	I	V	T	A	L	N	I	E	T	S	N	E	T	H	C	E	I	L
G	N	E	T	H	E	R	L	A	N	D	S	N	P	V	A	A	P	D
R	O	M	A	N	I	A	T	V	I	S	R	O	I	I	I	O	C	B
U	T	E	J	V	I	E	T	Y	C	N	L	E	R	A	R	I	D	I
O	V	P	M	J	J	S	C	O	B	A	A	T	C	T	P	N	E	G
B	E	C	I	V	E	S	T	N	N	T	S	U	U	E	A	S	V	Y
M	A	E	I	K	A	L	L	D	A	U	W	G	H	L	E	X	C	A
E	G	J	N	L	A	T	V	O	A	R	A	B	R	T	B	R	Z	W
X	E	J	W	N	B	S	L	E	V	L	F	E	N	U	I	V	G	R
U	Y	P	D	I	V	U	S	A	E	A	Z	L	L	R	L	L	S	O
L	R	R	M	A	C	T	P	N	M	T	K	G	T	N	V	P	N	N
I	A	A	N	A	O	E	I	E	I	Y	A	I	J	N	S	K	D	J
L	G	N	I	N	C	A	L	W	R	R	H	U	A	E	D	R	N	D
I	N	I	I	T	R	E	S	A	I	H	V	M	L	J	N	A	A	J
N	U	A	V	K	A	A	D	A	N	P	C	A	O	V	A	M	L	Y
U	H	Z	U	V	J	O	G	O	R	D	W	E	V	J	L	N	G	L
N	E	D	E	W	S	B	R	N	N	U	V	J	Z	T	E	E	N	A
D	S	U	R	A	L	E	B	C	T	I	I	G	I	C	R	D	E	T
D	N	A	L	N	I	F	G	E	R	M	A	N	Y	W	I	M	E	I

Austria, Belarus, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Czech Republic, Denmark, England, Estonia,
Finland,
France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Liechtenstein, Lithuania,
Luxemburg, Macedonia, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Scotland,
Slovakia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Ukraine, Wales.

1. Напишіть транскрипцію наступних слів і перекладіть їх українською мовою.

diversity	ooze	Entertainment
quiet	cannabis	Quaint
authentic	government	Reveal
alley	jaw	Charm
bustling	crown	Navigate

2. Визначте до яких частин мови належать наступні слова і відповідно заповніть таблицю. Заповнену таблицю перекладіть українською мовою.

Destination, main, multi-story, strictly, prohibit, intact, attraction, arrive, daily, toward, kid, lively, quarter, discover, beyond, functional, amount, direction, tower, lined, customer, a, through, their, canal.

noun	
pronoun	
verb	
adverb	
adjective	
preposition	
article	

3. Перекладіть наступні слова та словосполучення українською мовою й складіть з ними речення.

• eye-candy architecture	• gabled canal houses
• humpbacked bridges	• countless attractions
• to navigate the city	• to ooze history and charm
• heart of the city	• to head toward
• to commemorate victims	• nightlife

4. Прочитайте й виконайте письмовий переклад тексту.

Amsterdam is one of the greatest small cities in the world. From its canals to world-famous museums and historical sights, Amsterdam is one of the most romantic and beautiful cities in Europe. Amsterdam is also a city of tolerance and diversity. It has all the advantages of a big city: culture, nightlife, international restaurants, good transport - but is quiet, and largely thanks to its canals, has a little road traffic. In Amsterdam your destination is never far away, but get a bike for most authentic experience.

Although the seat of Netherlands government is in The Hague, Amsterdam is the nominal capital. It is also the country's largest city, with a population of more than 750,000, and the most visited, with over 3,5 million foreign visitors a year.

Museums are the main tourist attraction in Amsterdam. Everyone knows the Rijksmuseum, Van Gogh Museum and Stedelijk Museum, but there is much more. Amsterdam has over fifty museums which attract millions of visitors each year.

A stroll through the heart of Amsterdam and beyond reveals the countless attractions of a city that oozes history and charm. Visitors arriving at Central Station usually drop their jaws at the sight of the multi-story 'bicycle flat', a parking structure used by thousands daily and the subject of many a photograph. From there, head south toward the always lively Dam Square, flanked by the Royal

Palace and the Nieuwe Kerk (New Church) to the west and the National Monument, commemorating the victims of World War II, to the east. Follow the bustling shopper's-haven Kalverstraat to the Spui, home to weekly book and art markets. Beyond this heart lies the rest of Amsterdam: a series of concentric and bisecting canals, known as the Grachtengordel (canal ring). Lined with centuries-old gabled canal houses, the area has remained beautifully intact to this day. And it's not just a preserved open-air museum; it is still the functional and friendly heart of the city, where locals and visitors alike create a vibrant energy. The canals are punctuated by churches and other sights that can be used to navigate the city. With its distinctive blue crown, the tower of Westerkerk (West Church) is the tallest in Amsterdam, dominating the skyline near the Anne Frank House and the Homomonument. Follow the canals in a southeasterly direction to discover the quaint shopping and dining quarter called the '9 Streets'. Wandering farther will lead you across humpbacked bridges and through alleys filled with countless café terraces and eye-candy architecture. By the way coffeeshops in Holland are allowed to sell small amounts of cannabis and are strictly regulated and taxed. Furthermore, coffeeshops must not sell to anyone under 18 and they must not sell more than 5g to any customer. Hard drugs are strictly prohibited.

Plenty of Amsterdam attractions cater to families with kids young and old. The wax figures of celebrities and heroes at Madame Tussauds will make you wonder, "How did they do that?" Or enjoy a terrifically creepy time in the Amsterdam Dungeon. Hands-on science center NEMO combines education, entertainment and spectacular views of the city from its rooftop (with an urban beach in summer). A life-size replica of Dutch East India Company ship 'The Amsterdam' is docked just outside. Amsterdam's zoo, Artis, is a year-round favourite for animal-lovers.

There are hundreds of attractions to discover in Amsterdam. So don't put away your journey.

(originated from www.iamsterdam.com, www.amsterdam.info)

5. Придумайте до тексту заголовки й запишіть його англійською та українською мовами.

6. Знайдіть відповідники наступних слів й словосполучень англійською мовою в тексті та складіть з ними власні речення.

- | | |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------|
| • музей під відкритим небом | • цілий рік |
| • воскові фігури | • суворо заборонений |
| • номінальна столиця | • залишитись недоторканим |
| • приваблювати відвідувачів | • квартал з крамницями |
| • прогулянка | • кавярня |

7. Перекладіть наступні твердження й визначте чи відповідають вони змісту тексту.

1. Amsterdam is a water city.
2. Museums are the main tourist attraction in Amsterdam.
3. You can buy hard drugs in coffeeshops.
4. There are hundreds of attractions to discover in Amsterdam.
5. Animal-lovers will find something interesting to see in Amsterdam.

8. Знайдіть у тексті синоніми наступних слів запишіть їх і перекладіть українською мовою.

Nouns: horizon, tourist, café, walk, number.

Adjectives: little, big, major, high, unusual.

9. Знайдіть у тексті антоніми наступних слів запишіть їх і перекладіть українською мовою.

Nouns: disadvantage, monotony, foreigner, night, adult.

Adjectives: ugly, close, noisy, bad, young.

10. Поєднайте слова у словосполучення і перекладіть їх українською мовою.

1) parking	a) sights
2) international	b) experience
3) science	c) views
4) historical	d) lovers
5) road	e) haven
6) authentic	f) quarter
7) spectacular	g) structure
8) shopper's	h) traffic
9) animal	i) restaurants
10) dining	j) center

11. Дайте тлумачення наступних слів і перекладіть їх українською мовою.

diversity (*n*), attraction (*n*), quaint (*adj*), discover (*v*), intact (*adj*), museum (*n*).

12. Заповніть прогалини словами *a, an, some, any*.

1. I bought _____ lemonade yesterday.
2. There are _____ children at the door.
3. I've got _____ bananas and _____ orange.
4. She asked the waiter for _____ tea.
5. I'd like _____ water, please.
6. Did you bring _____ bread?
7. Would you like _____ tomato juice?
8. We're getting _____ new car soon.
9. The house hasn't got _____ furniture.
10. We have seen _____ good plays recently.

13. Визначте до якої групи належать наступні іменники.

Transport, house, museum, sight, traffic, bike, culture, architecture, sugar, coffee, street, entertainment, ship, customer.

Countable

Uncountable

14. Заповніть прогалини словами *a few, a little, much, many*.

1. I've seen her _____ times this year, but not very often.
2. The bank only lent me _____ money.
3. There's not _____ food in the cupboard.
4. She hasn't got _____ friends.
5. I asked him to put _____ milk in my coffee.
6. _____ people arrived before the party started, but not many.
7. I didn't have _____ opportunity to talk to him.
8. Only _____ students are going to fail the exam.
9. I gave the cat _____ milk.
10. The receptionist didn't give me _____ information.

15. Розкрийте дужки, вживаючи дієслова у Past Simple.

1. Last year I _____ (spend) my holiday in Ireland.
2. It _____ (be) great.
3. I _____ (travel) around by car with two friends and we _____ (visit) lots of interesting places.
4. In the evenings we usually _____ (go) to a pub.
5. One night we even _____ (learn) some Irish dances.
6. We _____ (be) very lucky with the weather.
7. It _____ (not / rain) a lot.
8. But we _____ (see) some beautiful rainbows.
9. We _____ (have) the opportunity to see all the main attractions.
10. Where _____ (spend / you) your last holiday?

16. Заповніть прогалини у реченнях відповідними прийменниками місця зтаблички та перекладіть їх українською мовою.

at, on, to, in, by

1. We drove _____ the party _____ Tom's car.
2. The man chased by the police ran _____ the shop.
3. We meet _____ the station at 7.
4. They like to travel _____ plane.
5. What time did you arrive _____ school?
6. His office is _____ the third floor.
7. I usually buy a newspaper _____ my way to work.
8. They got married _____ Birmingham.
9. He was tired and went _____ bed.
10. We got stuck in a traffic jam _____ the way to the airport.

17. Утворіть ступені порівняння прикметників

Adjective	Comparative Degree	Superlative Degree
famous		
spectacular		
beautiful		
quiet		
friendly		
hard		
young		
little		
old		
large		

18. Заповніть прогалини прикметниками з дужок та словами *as...as, not as...as*.

1. We can run _____ they can. (fast)
2. I earn _____ money you do. (not /much)

3. Do you think French is _____ English. (difficult)
4. Nick is _____ Ben. (tall)
5. I hope his new book is _____ his last one. (not / boring)
6. Silver is _____ gold. (not / valuable)
7. The second half of the match was _____ the first one. (exciting)
8. Your mobile phone is _____ mine. (not / trendy)
9. Today it's _____ yesterday. (sunny)
10. This yoghurt was _____ the one you bought yesterday. (not / good)

19. Виправте помилки у поданих реченнях.

1. My grandfather was died last year.
2. We are going to holiday next week.
3. On my wall, there are much picture postcards.
4. Non-smokers usually live more longer than smokers.
5. My pet lizard was died last month.
6. Jane doesn't have some friends.
7. My grandfather does not have many hair, anymore.
8. Who is the most rich woman on earth?
9. Samantha has as many money as Bruce.
10. Yesterday I spend two hours cleaning my living room.

20. Знайдіть подані нижче види транспорту та перекладіть їх українською мовою (слова можуть бути ←, ↑, →, ↓ та по діагоналі).

H	A	N	I	A	R	I	X	A	T	R	A	M	S
E	Q	A	M	B	U	L	A	N	C	E	V	U	B
N	D	P	B	I	U	D	U	N	T	I	N	A	T
A	I	I	S	C	B	S	N	I	W	R	A	L	N
L	N	Y	I	Y	S	A	S	X	C	R	A	I	A
P	G	A	M	C	R	C	R	T	C	H	E	I	N
C	H	C	O	L	E	W	E	G	R	U	C	N	N
A	Y	H	N	E	I	F	A	X	E	X	D	O	M
N	O	T	R	F	I	R	E	E	N	G	I	N	E
O	I	Z	L	O	R	R	Y	M	I	S	H	E	Y
E	M	B	D	U	N	N	O	C	O	G	B	H	R
G	M	O	T	O	R	B	I	K	E	P	R	A	R
I	X	H	L	N	O	O	L	L	A	B	E	U	E
P	G	F	G	N	R	E	T	O	O	C	S	D	F

ambulance; barge; bicycle; bus; canoe; dinghy; ferry; fire engine; liner; lorry; moped; motorbike; plane; scooter; train; van; yacht.

1. Напишіть транскрипцію наступних слів і перекладіть їх українською мовою.

Chic	Glamour	Suite
Prestigious	Orchid	Convenience
Emphasis	Superb	Magnificent
Premier	Oriental	Slightly
Pleasure	Palace	Vibrant

2. Визначте до яких частин мови належать наступні слова і відповідно заповніть таблицю. Заповнену таблицю перекладіть українською мовою.

Whilst, proceed, tranquility, linen, beneath, expect, unique, location, until, haven, provide, combine, shopping, facility, along, locate, exclusive, stay, own, informal, nearby, experience, you, true, a.

Noun	
Pronoun	
Verb	
Adverb	
Adjective	
Preposition	
Article	

3. Перекладіть наступні слова та словосполучення українською мовою й складіть з ними речення.

• Opulent	• lavishly furnished
• to overlook	• to offer a full range of facilities
• stunning views	• informal setting
• sumptuous luxury	• slightly different
• European cuisine	• striking design

4. Прочитайте й виконайте письмовий переклад тексту.

Mandarin Oriental Hyde Park, London is a five-star hotel, located in the exclusive Knightsbridge district of London, owned and managed by Mandarin Oriental Hotel Group. Housed in an historic, Edwardian-style building, Mandarin Oriental Hyde Park was originally built in 1889 as an exclusive ‘Gentleman’s Club’ with lavishly furnished drawing and dining rooms, a billiard room and a smoking room. After a great fire in 1899 destroyed much of the ‘Gentleman’s Club,’ the building was completely renovated and re-opened in 1902 as the Hyde Park Hotel. Mandarin Oriental Hotel Group purchased the hotel in 1996 and conducted a complete renovation of the 198 rooms and suites, as well as a re-design of the restaurants and bar. Mandarin Oriental Hyde Park, London re-opened in May 2000.

Everything about Mandarin Oriental Hyde Park has style. The address is one of the most prestigious in London, overlooking the finest Royal Park with wonderful views of the Household Cavalry as they proceed to Buckingham Palace. The hotel rooms and luxury suites are opulent. The bar is chic. The

restaurants superb. The service? It has a style of its own. The only way to experience the true splendor and service of Mandarin Oriental Hyde Park is to stay there. Whether you are staying in a luxury room or a suite, you'll notice an orchid gracing your pillow just as you disappear beneath your Frette duvet cover and finest Irish linen. Even though each of the hotel rooms is unique, they all have a common theme, stunning views and sumptuous luxury. Each has been designed to be slightly different from the next, furnished with beautiful antiques and luxurious fabrics. There are three types of rooms, Courtyard, Knightsbridge, and Hyde Park. 25 suites: one common theme, unashamed luxury. Those who are used to palaces feel at home at these suites.

The Spa at Mandarin Oriental is a haven of tranquility blending East and West to offer world-renowned holistic therapies. There is also a state-of-the-art gymnasium.

With unrivalled views over Hyde Park, the hotel's Michelin-starred restaurant, Foliage, draws its inspiration from the park. It combines striking contemporary design with modern European cuisine where the emphasis is on fresh seasonal ingredients. The Park, offering the same views, provides a vibrant and informal setting for light all-day dining, whilst the Mandarin Bar is the epicentre of Knightsbridge nightlife with a wide range of cocktails, exotic nibbles and live jazz music until 2am.

As you might expect, Mandarin Oriental Hyde Park offers a full range of facilities for the pleasure and convenience of the guests, including a Sanarium and a Vitality Pool. The location in Knightsbridge means they're also perfectly positioned for other activities. Like shopping with Harvey Nichols and Harrods just a stone's throw away; the museums in nearby Kensington; and all the glamour of the West End theatre scene, just a short taxi ride away.

All of this, along with magnificent private meeting rooms, has made this hotel London's premier address.

(originated from Wikipedia, the free encyclopaedia; www.kiwicollection.com, www.fivestaralliance.com)

5. Придумайте до тексту заголовки й запишіть його англійською та українською мовами.

6. Знайдіть відповідники наступних слів й словосполучень англійською мовою в тексті та складіть з ними власні речення.

- | | |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| ● купити готель | ● п'ятизірковий готель |
| ● повністю відреставрований | ● ексклюзивний район |
| ● жива джазова музика | ● широкий асортимент коктейлів |
| ● почуватися як вдома | ● черпати натхнення з |
| ● сучасний спортзал | ● умебльований |

7. Перекладіть наступні твердження й визначте чи відповідають вони змісту тексту.

1. Mandarin Oriental was originally built as an exclusive 'Gentleman's Club'.
2. Mandarin Oriental wasn't renovated since its opening.
3. The hotel is overlooking Hyde Park.
4. The hotel's restaurant has a Michelin star.
5. Harrods is a short walking distance from Mandarin Oriental.

8. Знайдіть у тексті синоніми наступних слів запишіть їх і перекладіть українською мовою.

Verbs: situate, vanish, remain, buy, see.

Adjectives: modern, various, full, heavy, impressive, marvelous.

9. Знайдіть у тексті антоніми наступних слів запишіть їх і перекладіть українською мовою.

Verbs: leave, appear, sell, build, ignore.

Adjectives: old-fashioned, ashamed, long, incomplete, same.

10. Поєднайте слова у словосполучення і перекладіть їх українською мовою.

1) seasonal	a) splendour
2) luxurious	b) scene
3) holistic	c) luxury
4) beautiful	d) room
5) theatre	e) fabrics
6) unashamed	f) suites
7) smoking	g) antiques
8) true	h) ingredients
9) luxury	i) setting
10) informal	j) therapies

11. Дайте тлумачення наступних слів і перекладіть їх українською мовою.

own (*v*), cuisine (*n*), suite (*n*), furnish (*v*), opulent (*adj*), epicentre (*n*).

12. Заповніть прогалини словами *a, an, some, any*.

1. Here is _____ food for the cat.
2. They've got _____ big house.
3. Sue went to the cinema with _____ of her friends.
4. He gave me _____ orange.
5. Could you check if there are _____ calls on the answering machine?
6. Peter has _____ aunt in Berlin.
7. Would she like to be _____ English teacher?

8. Did they have _____ news for you?
9. When I was _____ child I used to practise piano every day.
10. I think you should put _____ flowers on the table.

13. Визначте до якої групи належать наступні іменники.

Fire, room, style, service, guest, pool, tranquility, luxury, hotel, scene, pillow, paper, ingredient, pleasure.

Countable

Uncountable

14. Заповніть прогалини словами *a few, a little, much, many*.

1. Not _____ people come here in the winter.
2. Could I have _____ sugar for my tea, please?
3. Don't eat so _____ chocolate or you'll get fat.
4. I don't think I've made _____ mistakes.
5. Have you got _____ minutes? I need to talk to you.
6. It seems to me that we've had _____ assignments in English this term.
7. I don't drink _____ beer. I don't like it.
8. There are only _____ people at the beach.
9. If you want to make pancakes, you need a few eggs and a little _____ flour.
10. I haven't done _____ work today.

15. Розкрийте дужки, вживаючи дієслова у Past Simple.

Yesterday Mrs. Hubbard _____ (have) a very rough day. In the morning, she _____ (go) to the kitchen and _____ (look) in the cupboard for some food for her dog, but the cupboard _____ (be) empty. Her poor dog _____ (stare) up at her with its hungry eyes, and she _____ (know) she _____ (have) to do something quickly. She _____ (hurry) to the grocery store to buy some dog food, but unfortunately the store _____ (be) out of her dog's favourite brand, so she _____ (have) to catch a bus downtown. After buying the food, she _____ (wait) for a half hour in the rain to get a taxi. When she finally _____ (get) home, her dog _____ (be) sound asleep on the living room sofa.

16. Заповніть прогалини у реченнях відповідними прийменниками з таблиць та перекладіть їх українською мовою.

<i>at, on, to, in, by</i>

1. She studied _____ Paris for two weeks.
2. The train arrives _____ platform 3.
3. I missed the bus and had to go _____ foot.
4. Turn left _____ traffic lights.
5. In the most countries people drive _____ on the right.

6. Do you want sugar_____your coffee?
7. In the theatre we had seats_____front row.
8. He has never been_____a football match.
9. We drove_____the cinema_____a taxi.
10. The easiest way to go there is_____underground.

17. Утворіть ступені порівняння прикметників

Adjective	Comparative Degree	Superlative Degree
modern		
short		
magnificent		
contemporary		
fine		
prestigious		
wonderful		
new		
convenient		

18. Заповніть прогалини словами as...as, not as...as.

1. My salary is_____yours (not / high).
2. The green dress is_____the blue one (cheap).
3. He is_____his sister (not / sensitive).
4. The armchair is_____the sofa (comfortable).
5. German is_____French for me (not / difficult).
6. My sister is_____me (pretty).
7. This test was_____the last year's one (not / easy).
8. Going by car is_____going by train (long)
9. It is_____was yesterday (not / foggy).
10. Your computer is_____mine (modern).

19. Виправте помилки у поданих реченнях.

1. The hammer falled off the table right on my foot.
2. Do you know much words in English?
3. Your words made her even more happier.
4. She didn't taught me German.
5. Any of her friends came to her birthday party.
6. The most cheap supermarket is round the corner.
7. Did they told you about the meeting?
8. The tree grew more quicker than we expected.
9. The money are on the table.
10. I not caught the bus this morning.

20. Знайдіть подані нижче слова з теми «Харчування» та перекладіть їх українською мовою (слова можуть бути ←, ↑, →, ↓ та по діагоналі).

S M W W R A S P B E R R Y B B
R M A S C D P M A N O M E L A

B	J	L	N	T	H	O	O	N	P	E	B	B	A	P
Y	J	D	O	D	R	M	N	A	E	C	H	O	C	N
K	G	E	V	J	A	A	Y	N	A	K	G	L	K	E
O	R	K	D	E	M	R	W	A	C	I	R	W	B	C
L	A	Y	P	D	A	W	I	B	H	D	A	T	E	T
A	P	S	U	M	N	J	C	N	E	W	P	B	R	A
P	E	E	M	O	G	A	P	E	A	R	E	J	R	R
I	F	T	U	N	O	C	O	C	R	R	R	S	Y	I
N	R	B	T	A	C	K	N	H	H	J	W	Y	Z	N
A	U	M	O	J	J	F	K	E	Y	A	P	P	L	E
P	I	A	E	N	T	R	A	R	Y	C	N	K	I	S
P	T	S	F	G	I	U	S	R	B	R	U	I	M	F
L	I	E	U	I	W	I	K	Y	E	R	M	M	E	I
E	W	T	M	K	O	T	E	G	N	A	R	O	R	G

apple; banana; blackberry; cherry; coconut; date; fig; gooseberry; grape; grapefruit;jackfruit;
 kiwi; lemon; lime; mandarin; nectarine; orange; peach; pear; pineapple; plum; raspberry;
 strawberry

1. Напишіть транскрипцію наступних слів і перекладіть їх українською мовою.

Tranquility	Chintzy	Occupy
Array	Millennium	Cabaret
Superior	Calm	Parliament
Pleasure	Guest	Opulent
Clientele	Impeccable	vehicle

2. Визначте до яких частин мови належать наступні слова і відповідно заповніть таблицю. Заповнену таблицю перекладіть українською мовою.

Whether, quality, derive, along, owner, it, remain, road, seem, site, drive, there, main, a, occasion, strain, wheel, anybody, invigorating, perform, well, of, napkin, seem, colourful.

noun	
pronoun	
verb	
adverb	
adjective	
preposition	
article	

3. Перекладіть наступні слова та словосполучення українською мовою й складіть з ними речення.

• to create a world of one's own	• byword
• modern amenities	• the Houses of Parliament
• to make a claim	• to host a dinner party
• to suit any taste and occasion	• to survive
• deluxe room	• to drive on the right

4. Прочитайте й виконайте письмовий переклад тексту.

The Savoy is one of the world's most famous hotels. Since opening it has become a byword for exceptional quality and impeccable service.

Located on The Strand in the heart of the West End theatre district, The Savoy offers spectacular views of the River Thames. The Tate Modern, the Houses of Parliament, Big Ben and the Millennium Wheel are all within sight of the Savoy. No hotel on the planet can make a stronger claim to have created a world of its own than the Savoy Hotel in London. Just a few minutes walk from Trafalgar Square, it is entered from Savoy Court, the only road in Britain in which vehicles drive on the right.

The hotel opened in 1889. It was built by Richard D'Oyly Carte, the owner of the nearby Savoy Theatre. It was and remains one of London's most prestigious and opulent hotels. Its name derives from the Savoy

Palace which once occupied the site. The Savoy Hotel's first manager was its most famous. His name was César Ritz, who later became the founder of The Ritz Hotel. Since then, it has survived two world wars – it stayed open during the Blitz

– without lowering its standards. The Savoy was a five-star hotel when stars were still just lights in the sky. It seems that anybody who is (or was) anybody has been a guest at the Savoy: Oscar Wilde knew it well, and it was a favourite of Winston Churchill. Bob Dylan, the Beatles, Frank Sinatra and Marilyn Monroe all stayed there.

The Savoy has 233 bedrooms to suit any taste and occasion, including 161 deluxe and superior rooms and 72 suites. All are decorated in traditional English style, with chintzy fabrics and colourful walls, yet offer an extensive array of modern amenities.

The hotel's main restaurant, better known as Michelin-starred Savoy Grill, where the exclusive menu reflects the clientele, has always offered one of London's great dining experiences. Its most unusual feature is Kaspar, a wooden figure of a cat, three feet in height, and lacquered in black. When a man was shot dead in 1898 shortly after hosting a dinner party for thirteen at the Savoy, the management took steps to avoid such a tragedy in future. A group of thirteen is now always joined by Kaspar, who is seated at the table with an apron tied round his neck, and is served each course along with the other guests.

The American Bar, where the Dry Martini is said to have been created, serves cocktails to the strains of jazz piano music, as does the Laurent Perrier Bar, a vintage champagne bar. Guests can also take light lunch, afternoon tea or dinner in the elegant Thames Foyer where Noel Coward performed, Caruso sang and Pavlova danced in cabaret.

The invigorating health facilities are situated atop the historic Savoy Theatre. The Fitness Gallery is home to one of only two rooftop swimming pools in London. Enjoy calm tranquility there. So, whether on business or pleasure, staying with the Savoy is an excellent way to experience London.

*(originated from Wikipedia, the free encyclopaedia, www.fairmont.com,
www.hotelscombined.com, england-travel.suite101.com)*

5. Придумайте до тексту заголовки й запишіть його англійською та українською мовами.

6. Знайдіть відповідники наступних слів й словосполучень англійською мовою в тексті та складіть з ними власні речення.

- | | |
|------------------------|-----------------------|
| ● басейн на даху | ● вжити заходів |
| ● засновник | ● під джазові мелодії |
| ● понижувати стандарти | ● театральний район |
| ● займати місце | ● у полі зору |
| ● клієнтура | ● подавати страву |

7. Перекладіть наступні твердження й визначте чи відповідають вони змісту тексту.

1. Located on the Strand the Savoy is in the heart of the East End district.

2. Earlier a palace occupied the site of the hotel.
3. All the rooms are decorated in traditional French style.
4. You can't host a party for thirteen at the hotel's restaurant.
5. The Savoy has a rooftop swimming pool.

8. Знайдіть у тексті синоніми наступних слів запишіть їх і перекладіть українською мовою.

Verbs: make, stay, situate, prevent, be able.

Adjectives: contemporary, first-rate, strange, large, outstanding.

9. Знайдіть у тексті антоніми наступних слів запишіть їх і перекладіть українською мовою.

Verbs: leave, destroy, close, give, go out.

Adjectives: heavy, colourless, left, unknown, little.

10. Поєднайте слова у словосполучення і перекладіть їх українською мовою.

1) health	a) service
2) swimming	b) experience
3) exclusive	c) quality
4) dining	d) walls
5) to serve	e) pool
6) exceptional	f) lunch
7) piano	g) facilities
8) impeccable	h) menu
9) colourful	i) cocktails
10) light	j) music

11. Дайте тлумачення наступних слів і перекладіть їх українською мовою.

clientele (*n*), cabaret (*n*), favourite (*adj*), offer (*v*), vintage (*adj*), palace (*n*).

12. Заповніть прогалини словами *a, an, some, any*.

1. My mother and I are going shopping. She needs _____ shoes.
2. Do you want _____ lemonade?
3. James took _____ photographs of the building.
4. Can I make _____ telephone call?
5. I ate _____ sandwich for lunch.
6. I don't want _____ presents for my birthday.
7. Have you got _____ watch?
8. I can lend you _____ money if you need it so badly.
9. Cindy speaks hardly _____ foreign language.
10. This is _____ excellent test.

13. Визначте до якої групи належать наступні іменники.

Minute, taste, tea, cat, party, name, champagne, table, music, man, health, wall, experience, martini.

Countable

Uncountable

14. Заповніть прогалини словами *a few, a little, much, many*.

1. When I am on holiday, I always write _____ lines home.
2. How _____ people are you expecting?
3. The woman didn't pay _____ attention to how the forms were filled in.
4. A few _____ friends are coming over tonight.
5. Do you have _____ work to do?
6. I've got so _____ news to tell you.
7. All we need is _____ luck.
8. I have _____ headache.
9. There haven't been _____ sunny days.
10. Would you like _____ more rice?

15. Розкрийте дужки, вживаючи дієслова у Past Simple.

1. While we were waiting in the queue I _____ (tell) her all about the accident.
2. At first I could not decide but then I firmly _____ (make) up my mind.
3. We were _____ (hold) up by the traffic.
4. John _____ (play) the violin when he was a child.
5. They _____ (pay) far too much for the car, in my opinion.
6. When he was really getting on my nerves I _____ (send) him away.
7. I _____ (not/want) to cook so we _____ (go) out for dinner.
8. We _____ (get) off the bus after two hours of travelling.
9. I _____ (not/like) staying in the countryside when being a teenager.
10. My grandfather _____ (die) at the age of 77.

16. Заповніть прогалини у реченнях відповідними прийменниками місця зтаблички та перекладіть їх українською мовою.

<i>at, on, to, in, by</i>

1. We decided not to go _____ car.
2. After some years we arrived back _____ Scotland.

3. Linda is a student _____ Cambridge University.
4. The exhibition _____ the art gallery finished last Sunday.
5. It's dangerous to play football _____ the streets.
6. I saw Ken _____ Dave's wedding.
7. The picture is _____ the wall.
8. The train stopped _____ every station.
9. San Francisco is _____ the west coast of the US.
10. What time did you arrive _____ the hotel?

17. Утворіть ступені порівняння прикметників

Adjective	Comparative Degree	Superlative Degree
light		
traditional		
dry		
elegant		
strong		
big		
excellent		
near		
low		
modern		

18. Заповніть прогалини прикметниками з дужок та словами *as...as*, *notas...as*.

1. The food is _____ it has been in the past (not / good).
2. The black shoes are _____ the red ones (expensive).
3. She is _____ her brother (imaginative).
4. Tom's mother is _____ she has been earlier (not / slim).
5. The road is _____ it always was (bad).
6. Simon is _____ he has been a year ago (not / healthy)
7. Do you think Jim is _____ Brian? (intelligent).
8. Going by car is _____ flying (not / quick).
9. The rooms are _____ they used to be (clean).
10. He thinks Charlie Chaplin is _____ Mr. Bean (funny).

19. Виправте помилки у поданих реченнях.

1. I standed up quickly and said goodbye.
2. We live at London.
3. It is the most expensiver car I have ever seen.
4. After four hours of traveling they finally arrived in the station.
5. Helen's house is much bigger than mine.
6. The house had been on fire for half an hour when the firemen arrove.
7. They haven't brought some vegetables from the market.
8. He leaded the group through the jungle.
9. I want a apple.
10. Jane hasn't got many time.

20. Знайдіть подані нижче слова з теми «Харчування» та перекладіть їх українською мовою (слова можуть бути ←, ↑, →, ↓ та по діагоналі).

S	A	U	C	E	J	T	C	D	B	H	S	H	J	B	I	L	S	S
C	L	K	R	O	F	T	J	A	E	K	E	I	O	Y	E	L	K	P
H	R	T	S	T	G	E	K	I	N	T	G	I	E	H	B	H	I	A
E	S	E	R	T	N	E	P	I	D	A	L	T	D	V	T	P	L	T
F	N	T	N	V	E	E	F	I	D	T	P	J	S	I	E	D	L	U
I	E	E	I	E	F	E	M	Z	C	E	A	G	M	A	A	N	E	L
O	V	J	S	R	P	N	P	J	G	E	M	E	N	L	O	P	T	A
T	O	R	I	I	F	O	O	E	D	P	R	A	A	I	Z	R	S	J
L	E	D	J	I	A	R	N	O	D	N	J	S	E	E	Y	P	B	T
X	E	V	J	D	O	R	Y	A	P	X	O	L	J	T	U	R	C	N
S	B	B	A	S	I	N	B	B	C	S	C	C	C	C	S	F	F	G
H	A	A	M	W	D	J	T	R	V	L	O	P	O	J	R	R	I	R
H	E	U	R	A	O	R	J	O	I	H	D	V	O	L	E	I	E	I
G	S	A	C	B	R	R	J	I	B	T	D	T	K	B	P	E	T	L
J	J	I	T	E	E	I	C	L	J	I	L	N	M	A	P	D	A	L
E	J	Q	L	C	P	C	N	I	J	V	E	N	J	L	E	Y	L	P
R	R	R	E	E	C	A	U	A	M	M	I	X	E	R	P	J	P	D
P	O	A	C	H	R	J	N	E	T	J	V	T	O	A	S	T	E	D
R	O	L	L	I	N	G	P	I	N	E	S	A	L	T	I	N	L	M

Bake, barbecue, basin, boil, can opener, chef, condiment, cook, cups, fork, fried, fryingpan, grill, heat, knife, marinate, microwave, mixer, oven, pepper, plate, poach, recipe, roast, rolling pin, salad, salt, sauce, saucepan, spoon, steamed, toasted.

1. Напишіть транскрипцію наступних слів і перекладіть їх українською мовою.

Lagoon	Sanctuary	Crucial
Merchant	Flood	marvellous
Urban	Pedestrian	Especially
Venetian	Defy	Numerous
Architecture	Obvious	Virtually

2. Визначте до яких частин мови належать наступні слова і відповідно заповніть таблицю. Заповнену таблицю перекладіть українською мовою. Steal, ago, an, corner, spend, absence, pleasant, popular, explore, district, secretly, same, add, overflow, tide, during, important, along, easily, you, description, particularly, full, city, which.

noun	
pronoun	
verb	
adverb	
adjective	
preposition	
article	

3. Перекладіть наступні слова та словосполучення українською мовою й складіть з ними речення.

• heyday	• heavily touristed
• local specialities	• to explore the city
• to house the remains	• worldwide
• to wander	• to overflow the banks of the canals
• breathtaking landscaping	• to afford

4. Прочитайте й виконайте письмовий переклад тексту.

Venice is still one of the most interesting and lovely places in the world. This sanctuary on a lagoon is virtually the same as it was six hundred years ago, which adds to the fascinating character. Venice has decayed since its heyday and is heavily touristed (there are slightly more tourists than residents), but the romantic charm remains.

The city defies description. Many have tried, from Goethe to Brodsky, but it has to be seen, felt and wandered through to be believed, and even then you may have trouble thinking it real. Yet no theme-park creator could ever have come up with this result of 1400 years of extraordinary history.

The event that made Venice's name in the world took place in 828, when two enterprising Venetian merchants stole the Apostle Mark's body from Alessandria in Egypt, and secretly transported it to Venice. A huge church, consecrated in 1094, was built to house the remains of the Saint, who then became the patron saint of the city: the Basilica of San Marco. This place may not

seem huge but it is. Venice is made of different districts. The most famous is the area comprising the 118 islands in the main districts that are called "Sestieri".

Because the city is on a lagoon, the water plays a crucial role in transportation. The most popular way to approach Venice is by boat or train.

Venice is the world's only pedestrian city. It is not that big, and you can walk from one end to the other in a few hours, and the absence of cars makes it a particularly pleasant experience. If you want to get around a bit more quickly, there are numerous vaporetti (water buses) and water taxis. They are inexpensive, but the sights are priceless. You may also take a gondola if you can afford it. Gondolas are one of Venice's most famous symbols worldwide, that's why they are quite expensive.

Otherwise, take a walk! Don't just stick to the tried, true and obvious. Sure, the Basilica di San Marco, Palazzo Ducale, Peggy Guggenheim Collection and Gallerie dell'Accademia are all important. But 'lesser' sights like Ca' Rezzonico, Ca' Pesaro, the Basilica di Santa Maria della Salute and Arsenale all give special insight into the city. Along the way you will discover marvellous art, superb architecture and breathtaking urban landscaping. Exploring the city randomly by walking is well worth it but also be prepared to get lost easily!

If you are looking for something to do, you can always shop. Venice is packed full of little stores in every corner and crevice. The commonest local specialties are carnival masks, glass, and marbled paper. Spend a day on the islands, mainly Murano famous for its glass making, Burano and Torcello. The city's busiest times are between May and September, Christmas and New Year, during Carnevale (February) and at Easter. In autumn, especially in October and November, it very often happens that the tide rises and the water overflows the banks of the canals, flooding the city. The rising water is a problem for the Venetians but it is an unusual, exciting experience for tourists as it is a unique event.

(originated from wikitravel.org, www.lonelyplanet.com, www.veniceworld.com)

5. Придумайте до тексту заголовки й запишіть його англійською та українською мовами.

6. Знайдіть відповідники наступних слів й словосполучень англійською мовою в тексті та складіть з ними власні речення.

- | | |
|----------------------|---------------------|
| • виробництво скла | • пішохідне місто |
| • підприємливі купці | • вирішальна роль |
| • тематичний парк | • затоплювати місто |
| • освячений | • легко заблукати |
| • святий-покровитель | • карнавальні маски |

7. Перекладіть наступні твердження й визначте чи відповідають вони змісту тексту.

1. The city of Venice consists of many islands.
2. Saint Mark is the patron saint of the city.
3. There is an airport in Venice.
4. Gondolas are one of Venice's most famous symbols.

5. Famous Venice Carnevale is held in winter.

8. Знайдіть у тексті синоніми наступних слів запишіть їх і перекладіть українською мовою.

Nouns: inhabitant, shore, shop, stroll, territory.

Verbs: include, stay, increase, find, happen.

9. Знайдіть у тексті антоніми наступних слів запишіть їх і перекладіть українською мовою.

Adjectives: usual, worthless, expensive, many, ugly.

Adverbs: seldom, slowly, lightly, no longer, never.

10. Поєднайте слова у словосполучення і перекладіть їх українською мовою.

1) unique	a) art
2) rising	b) architecture
3) little	c) history
4) marvellous	d) character
5) superb	e) charm
6) pleasant	f) event
7) fascinating	g) districts
8) romantic	h) experience
9) extraordinary	i) water
10) different	j) stores

11. Дайте тлумачення наступних слів і перекладіть їх українською мовою.

resident (*n*), saint (*n*), local (*adj*), decay (*v*), pedestrian (*adj*), island (*n*).

12. Заповніть прогалини словами *a, an, some, any*.

1. Harry has been learning French for _____ years, and he speaks the language without dictionary.

2. Have you got _____ umbrella?

3. There aren't _____ apples left in the fridge.

4. He is drinking _____ cup of coffee.

5. What's wrong with you? Have you got _____ precise problem at work?

6. I'm hungry - I'll have _____ sandwiches.

7. What _____ interesting game?

8. Ben has _____ old bike.

9. I wasn't hungry. I just had _____ glass of water.

10. Have you got _____ questions?

13. Визначте до якої групи належать наступні іменники.

Year, sight, architecture, glass, tourist, charm, church, art, paper, symbol, water, canal, experience, boat.

Countable

Uncountable

14. Заповніть прогалини словами *a few, a little, much, many*.

1. How _____ money do you want for this?
2. There is still _____ work to do.
3. Please be quick. I don't have _____ time to spare.
4. Could you buy _____ bottles of water for me?
5. There are too _____ paintings to see in one visit.
6. I would like to eat _____ biscuits now.
7. I need _____ sleep.
8. I don't see _____ point in continuing. We're all very tired.
9. There are _____ birthdays to celebrate this month.
10. My parents give me _____ pocket money every week.

15. Розкрийте дужки, вживаючи дієслова у Past Simple.

1. Sorry, I _____ (not/hear) you knock at the door.
2. He _____ (not/come) to the meeting on Wednesday because he was on holiday.
3. There _____ (be) so many cars that we could not park ours.
4. What _____ (you/eat) for lunch yesterday?
5. I _____ (spend) quite a lot of money on new clothes and bought some boots as well.
6. They _____ (not/go) to Greece last summer.
7. I _____ (understand) what you meant.
8. Alex _____ (not/work) last weekend.
9. Last week, they _____ (play) tennis together.
10. She _____ (leave) work at 5 o'clock and _____ (get) home by 6.

16. Заповніть прогалини у реченнях відповідними прийменниками місця з таблиці та перекладіть їх українською мовою.

<i>at, on, to, in, by</i>

1. She spends most of the day sitting _____ the window.
2. When are you going _____ Greece?
3. I saw Bill this morning. He was _____ a bus which passed me.
4. Vienna is _____ the river Danube.
5. She was ill and stayed _____ bed.
6. Because of the delay we had to wait for three hours _____ the airport.
7. We were _____ sea for ten weeks.
8. Tom is sitting _____ an armchair.
9. The better way to get there is _____ car rather than _____ train.
10. Last year we had a lovely skiing holiday _____ the Swiss Alps.

17. Утворіть ступені порівняння прикметників

Adjective	Comparative Degree	Superlative Degree
Famous		
Few		
interesting		
Little		
Busy		
fascinating		

18. Заповніть прогалини прикметниками з дужок та словами *as...as, notas...as*.

1. My parents are _____ yours (not / strict).
2. A holiday by the sea is _____ the holiday in the mountains (good).
3. The weather this month is _____ the last month (not / bad).
4. The hotel was _____ we expected (comfortable).
5. This yoghurt is _____ the one I bought yesterday (not / tasty).
6. Going by ship is _____ going by train(interesting).
7. Your mobile phone is _____ mine (not / trendy).
8. Chilean wine is _____ Italian (popular).
9. Silver is _____ gold (not / expensive).
10. Swimming is _____ rugby (not / violent).

19. Виправте помилки у поданих реченнях.

1. He cutted up the cake into five equal parts.
2. There will be a few rain this week.
3. What a pity we left the camera in home.
4. His mother is youngest than his father.
5. My brother seen a bear an hour ago.
6. I am staying in the Royal Hotel.
7. This is the beautifulest landscape that I have ever seen.
8. There isn't some money in the wallet.
9. I goed to the market last week.
10. Betty used to swim at the sea and lie on the sun. My parents bought

20. Знайдіть подані нижче назви країн та перекладіть їх українською мовою(слова можуть бути ←, ↑, →, ↓ та по діагоналі).

M	I	E	T	E	K	C	A	N	A	D	A	V	D
S	C	Q	I	F	U	Y	A	W	R	O	N	I	E
E	E	A	H	C	W	B	O	M	A	N	B	E	N
L	L	T	U	W	A	E	S	Z	T	T	W	T	M
A	A	A	N	S	I	L	K	A	A	V	A	N	A
W	N	R	G	O	T	A	U	I	I	N	I	A	R
U	D	W	A	C	Y	R	W	R	W	F	V	M	K

K	U	J	R	I	E	U	A	E	A	I	T	E	E
R	U	A	Y	X	M	S	I	L	N	N	A	A	R
A	U	P	O	E	E	X	T	C	I	L	L	N	U
I	M	A	N	M	N	E	N	G	L	A	N	D	S
N	D	N	A	L	N	E	E	R	G	N	O	R	S
E	S	C	O	T	L	A	N	D	E	D	M	A	I
A	N	G	L	I	K	O	P	O	L	A	N	D	A

Australia; Belarus; Canada; Denmark; England; Finland; Greenland; Hungary; Iceland; Japan; Kuwait; Latvia; Mexico; Norway; Oman; Poland; Qatar; Russia; Scotland; Taiwan; Ukraine; Vietnam; Wales; Yemen.

ТЕСТОВІ ЗАВДАННЯ № 2

Варіант 2.1

1. Напишіть транскрипцію поданих слів і перекладіть їх:

Maximize	Tourism	Distinguishing
Characteristics	Unpredictable	Elasticity
Pressure	Currency	Influence
Exchange	Advantage	Minimize
Incline	Revenue	Relationship

2. Визначте, до яких частин мови належать подані слова і перекладіть їх:

benefit, a, provide, on, properly, there, economic, for, community, while, demand, through, highly, the, political, raise, price, and, destination, this, select, market, at, carefully, when, refer, an, small.

article	
noun	
pronoun	
verb	
adverb	
adjective	
preposition	
conjunction	

3. Перекладіть подані словосполучення і складіть з ними речення англійською мовою:

- relatively small changes
- to put great pressure on
- properly handled
- to maximize the advantages of
- the tourist product
- for more than one reason
- to result in a larger amount demanded
- linked to changes in income
- to bring the economic benefits
- greatly influenced by

4. Прочитайте та виконайте письмовий переклад тексту.

Properly developed, tourism can provide benefits for both tourist and the host community. Tourism can help raise the living standards of the host people through the economic benefits it can bring to an area. At the same time there are costs involved in the development of tourism. Properly handled, the development of tourism can maximize the advantages of tourism while minimizing the problems.

The economic characteristics of tourism explain the types of impact that tourism has on a community. There are five distinguishing characteristics. First, the tourist product cannot be stored; second, demand is highly seasonal.

Third, demand is influenced by outside and unpredictable influences. Changes in currency exchange rates, political unrest, even changes in the weather can affect demand.

Demand is, fourthly, a function of many complex motivations. Tourists travel for more than one reason. Most tourists are inclined to visit a different spot each year rather than return to the same place every vacation. This puts great pressure on the destination to select carefully the segments of the market it is going after.

Finally, tourism is price and income elastic. Demand will be greatly influenced by relatively small changes in price and income. Price elasticity refers to the relationship between the price charged and the amount demanded.

When demand is price elastic it means that a small change in the price will result in a larger amount demanded and that total revenue generated will increase. The same is true for a demand that is income elastic; changes in demand are linked to changes in income.

*(Originated from "Tourism the International Business" A Global Text
/ Robert Christie Mill, 2010)*

Знайдіть у тексті відповідники поданих слів та словосполучень і складіть з ними речення англійською мовою:

- | | |
|---------------------|-------------------------|
| ● економічна вигода | ● політичні заворушення |
| ● характерні риси | ● зовнішній вплив |
| ● курс обміну валют | ● сезонний попит |
| ● сектори ринку | ● гнучкі ціни |
| ● впливати на попит | ● загальний прибуток |

5. Перекладіть подані твердження й визначте, чи відповідають вони змістові тексту.

1. Properly handled, the development of tourism can minimize the advantages of tourism.
2. The tourist demand may be even influenced by changes in the weather.
3. Tourism can bring the economic benefits to an area and help to raise the living standards of

the host people.

4. Most tourists are inclined to return to the same place every vacation.

5. Tourism can provide benefits for both tourist and the host community.

7. Знайдіть у тексті синоніми поданих слів, запишіть їх і перекладіть. Nouns:

society, profit, progress, alteration, cost.

Verbs: supply, choose, cause, increase, describe.

8. Знайдіть у тексті антоніми поданих слів, запишіть їх і перекладіть. Adjectives:

similar, simple, obvious, big, foreign.

Adverbs: incorrectly, firstly, poorly, casually, absolutely.

9. Утворіть словосполучення та перекладіть їх:

- | | |
|-----------------|----------------|
| 1 host | a) benefits |
| 2 living | b) influences |
| 3 to provide | c) motivations |
| 4 highly | d) community |
| 5 price | e) exchange |
| 6 unpredictable | f) carefully |
| 7 to increase | g) standards |
| 8 currency | h) elasticity |
| 9 complex | i) the revenue |
| 10 to select | j) seasonal |

10. Напишіть тлумачення поданих слів:

influence (*n*), increase (*v*), demand (*n*), economic (*adj*), benefit (*n*).

11. Випишіть із тексту 10 ключових термінів і перекладіть їх.

12. Доберіть заголовок до тексту, запишіть його англійською та українською мовами.

13. Countable / Uncountable Nouns. Поставте артикль *a* або *an*, де необхідно.

1. ... travel agent will give you ... about hotels.

2. We hope you have ... lovely time and ... good weather.
3. I am not going for ... holiday, I am going on ... business.
4. He wouldn't climb ... mountain, he is afraid of ... height.
5. If you go by ... air, you can have quite ... comfortable journey.
6. ... train service from here to ... city center is very good.
7. It is safe for ... people to walk on ... sand here.
8. Interference with ... nature often brings ... disaster.
9. There was ... overcharge in the bill for ... room service.
10. The tourists thought it was quite ... cheap restaurant with ... international cuisine.

14. Доповніть подані речення модальними дієсловами *can*, *may* або *must*.

1. He ... speak and read Spanish.
2. I ... book this room whenever I like.
3. You ... use my car today.
4. We haven't enough cash, so we ... pay by credit card.
- 5.....she drive a car?
6. Only children.....play in a paddling pool.
7. You not miss your flight.
- 8.....he stay in this room or there is a choice?
9. Theynot swim across the river.
- 10..... I see your passport please?

15. Розкрийте дужки згідно типу умовного речення.

1. If I see him I (*give*) him the souvenir.
2. They would give you the address if they (*know*) it.
3. He (*not try*) to swim across the river if he had known that it was dangerous.
4. If he (*find*) your passport he will phone you at once.
5. Ice (*turn*) to water if you heat it.
6. If I (*have*) a map I would have been all right.
7. You (*not have*) much trouble with the car if you had it serviced regularly.
8. She (*be able*) to have a rest if she has a quiet room.
9. If you (*arrive*) ten minutes earlier you would have got a seat.
10. More tourists would come if the climate (*be*) better.

16. Виправте помилки у поданих реченнях.

1. The tourist needed a information on a bus tour around the city.
2. They came by a sea and had a lovely voyage.
3. She always liked to watch an amazing view at a sunrise.
4. They can to dance tango a little.
5. He musts hurry to catch the train.
6. You may to take photos in this museum, it's not forbidden.
7. He will book the room if he like it.
8. If you speak more slowly he would have understood you.
9. The road be slippery if it rains.
10. I could tell you what this means if I know Greek.

17. Перекладіть подані речення англійською мовою.

1. Чинники, що впливають на попит у різних секторах ринку туризму, можуть бути непередбачуваними.
2. Якщо туристична компанія пропонує гнучкі ціни, це завжди приваблює потенційних клієнтів
3. Існує певна категорія туристів, які вважають, що вони повинні відпочивати щороку в іншому місці.
4. Якби попит не був сезонним, економічна вигода значно б зросла.
5. Політичні заворушення можуть мати значний вплив на розвиток туризму в країні.

1. Напишіть транскрипцію поданих слів і перекладіть їх:

Foreign	Expenditure	Employment
Accommodation	Labour	Facilities
Discourage	Available	Disguised
Managerial	Productive	Generate
Estimate	Unskilled	Seasonal

2. Визначте, до яких частин мови належать подані слова і перекладіть їх:

traveller, it, require, by, available, the, worker, for, heavily, here, who, seasonal, of, tend, economy, often, job, and, intensive, with, arise, locally, they, or, argue, a, highly, to, productive, amount, rely.

article	
noun	
pronoun	
verb	
adverb	
adjective	
preposition	
conjunction	

3. Перекладіть подані словосполучення і складіть з ними речення англійською мовою:

- highly capital intensive
- domestic travellers
- to merely shuffle jobs around
- seasonal in nature
- indirect employment
- the type of skills available locally
- direct and indirect effect for
- to discourage people from more productive work
- often occupied by non-locals
- to result from tourist expenditures

4. Прочитайте та виконайте письмовий переклад тексту.

It is estimated that over 60 million jobs worldwide are generated both directly and indirectly by foreign visitors and domestic travellers. Several points can be made here.

First, there is a close relationship between employment and income with direct and indirect effect for both. Direct employment would be for jobs that directly result from tourist expenditures. Indirect employment is generated from jobs resulting from the effects of the tourist expenditures.

Second, it can be noted that the type of tourist activity affects the type and number of jobs generated. Accommodation facilities, for example, tend to be more labour intensive than other tourism businesses. They are also highly capital intensive; large amounts of capital are required to create a job.

Third, the type of skills available locally affects employment generated. Most tourism jobs require little skill. The number of managerial positions is relatively small, and they are often occupied by non-locals. Tourism industries also rely heavily on females. There is a great demand for unskilled workers who are often female. Critics have argued that tourism offers low-paying jobs that are seasonal in nature, which can have a depressing effect on economic growth.

Others argue that the employment benefits of tourism are disguised. Tourism, they say, takes people from other sectors of the economy, especially rural people, or those not normally considered part of the available work force, such as married mothers, the retired or those outside the national economy. The question then arises: does tourism generate new jobs or merely shuffle jobs around?

Finally, the seasonal jobs in tourism can discourage people from year-round, more productive work.

*(Originated from "Tourism the International Business" A Global Text
/ Robert Christie Mill, 2010)*

5. Знайдіть у тексті відповідники поданих слів та словосполучень і складіть з ними речення англійською мовою:

- | | |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| • значні капіталовкладення | • розвиток економіки |
| • керівні посади | • низькооплачувана посада |
| • створювати нові робочі місця | • не потребувати високої кваліфікації |
| • іноземні туристи | • наявна робоча сила |
| • приховані прибутки | • мешканці сільської місцевості |

6. Перекладіть подані твердження й визначте, чи відповідають вони змістові тексту.

1. The type of tourist activity affects the number of jobs generated.
2. A close relationship between employment and income has no effect for both.
3. The seasonal nature of low-paying jobs in tourism can have a depressing effect on economic growth.
4. Managerial positions in tourism are often occupied by non-locals.
5. Over 60 million jobs worldwide are generated directly by foreign visitors.

7. Знайдіть у тексті синоніми поданих слів, запишіть їх і перекладіть. Nouns:

increase, tourist, profit, expenses, proficiency.

Verbs: need, account, dispute, create, restrain.

8. Знайдіть у тексті антоніми поданих слів, запишіть їх і перекладіть. Adjectives:

urban, single, permanent, big, international.

Adverbs: absolutely, poorly, slightly, rarely, unusually.

9. Утворіть словосполучення та перекладіть їх:

- | | |
|-----------------|-----------------|
| 1 seasonal | a) effect |
| 2 depressing | b) relationship |
| 3 to rely | c) demand |
| 4 close | d) workers |
| 5 accommodation | e) jobs |
| 6 great | f) mothers |
| 7 labour | g) heavily |
| 8 married | h) economy |

9 unskilled

i) facilities

10 national

j) intensive

10. Напишіть тлумачення поданих слів:

job (n), generate (v), effect (n), seasonal (adj), expenditure (n).

11. Випишіть із тексту 10 ключових термінів і перекладіть їх.

12. Доберіть заголовок до тексту, запишіть його англійською та українською мовами.

13. Countable / Uncountable Nouns. Поставте артикль *a* або *an*, де необхідно.

1. ... bus service was quite good in the town but we decided to take ... taxi.
2. They came by ... sea and had ... lovely voyage.
3. There was ... room on the top floor but ... porter service was offered in the hotel.
4. She always liked to watch ... amazing view at ... sunrise.
5. Try to take ... holiday in June to avoid ... overcrowding.
6. The group of tourists waiting for ... bus needed somebody to ask for ... advice.
7. The absence of ... laundry service in ... five star hotel was rather surprising.
8. We feel like having ... coffee in ... small cafe.
9. The tourist needed ... information on ... bus tour around the city.
10. The hotel is looking for ... new person to work at ... reception.

14. Доповніть подані речення модальними дієсловами *can*, *may* або *must*.

- 1.....you see the tourists near the monument?
2. He hurry to catch the train.
3. You take photos in this museum, it's not forbidden.
4. They.....dance tango a little.
- 5.....I leave a message for her on this table?
6. Unfortunately, I not remember the address.
7. You not put your luggage at the emergency exit.
8. The boy is too little and..... not read very well.
9. He learn the poem by heart, it's his home task.

10..... the children ski there alone?

15. Розкрийте дужки згідно типу умовного речення.

1. If you come late they (*not let*) you in.
2. They (*take*) a taxi if they had realized that it was such a long way.
3. If you slept under mosquito net you (*not be*) bitten so often.
4. He will book the room if he (*like*) it.
5. If you (*speak*) more slowly he would have understood you.
6. I could tell you what this means if I (*know*) Greek.
7. The road (*be*) slippery if it rains.
8. If you wait I (*make*) enquiries for you.
9. You (*not get*) into trouble if you had obeyed my instructions.
10. If I (*know*) his address I would go and see him more often.

16. Виправте помилки у поданих реченнях.

1. I am not going for a holiday, I am going on a business.
2. He wouldn't climb a mountain, he is afraid of a height.
3. We hope you have a lovely time and a good weather.
4. I may to book this room whenever I like.
5. He can speaks and read Spanish.
6. You must not to miss your flight.
7. Ice turn to water if you heat it.
8. More tourists would come if the climate be better.
9. She be able to have a rest if she has a quiet room.
10. If I have a map I would have been all right.

17. Перекладіть подані речення англійською мовою.

1. Іноземні туристи можуть сприяти значним капіталовкладенням в економіку України.
2. Керівні посади у будь-якій галузі, у тому числі і туризмі, потребують високої кваліфікації.
3. Мешканці сільської місцевості становлять левову частку наявної робочої сили у місцевостях із мало розвинутою сферою туризму.
4. Сезонна робота в галузі туризму не завжди є низькооплачуваною.
5. Розвиток туризму в будь-якій країні створює нові робочі місця.

1. Напишіть транскрипцію поданих слів і перекладіть їх:

Souvenir	Authenticity	Jeopardy
Leakage	Restaurant	Pursue
Quantity	Occur	Employer
Supplier	Linkage	Agriculture
Artefact	Structure	Furnished

2. Визначте, до яких частин мови належать подані слова і перекладіть їх:

sector, with, a, massive, depend, these, often, or, development, locally, for, determine, historical, the, tendency, alter, economic, they, and, completion, of, meet, industry, food, there, to, seek, only.

article	
noun	
pronoun	
verb	
adverb	
adjective	
preposition	
conjunction	

3. Перекладіть подані словосполучення і складіть з ними речення англійською мовою:

- massive development of tourism
- competition for the land
- to meet the industry's demands
- less developed areas
- to build an economy
- buying locally produced souvenirs
- change in jobs of rural people
- rooms furnished with local artefacts
- the capacity of local suppliers
- to develop links to other sectors of economy

4. Прочитайте та виконайте письмовий переклад тексту.

Many tourism businesses are small and family-owned. It might be a taxi service, a souvenir shop or a small restaurant. The extent to which the direct employers such as hotels and transportation companies can develop links to other sectors of the economy will determine how many jobs and how much income tourism can generate. Too often, when massive development of tourism occurs in developing countries, local suppliers cannot supply the quantity or quality of goods desired. As a result, goods are imported, leakage occurs and potential income and jobs are lost.

The extent to which tourism can establish ties with local businesses depends upon the following factors:

- the types of supplies and producers with which the industry's demands are linked;
- the capacity of local suppliers to meet these demands;
- the historical development of tourism in the destination area;
- the type of tourism development.

More and more tourists seek authenticity as they travel. If this can be translated into buying locally produced souvenirs, eating locally produced food and staying in rooms furnished with local artefacts, then tourism will have generated the backward linkages necessary to contribute to the economy.

Tourism alters the economic structure of destinations. A major change when tourism is developed is the change in jobs of rural people. There is a tendency for farmers to leave the land to pursue better jobs in tourism. This can put rural lands in jeopardy. Changes in land use are also common. Often less developed areas have only two things on which to build an economy: agriculture and tourism. As tourism develops, competition for the land occurs.

(Originated from "Tourism the International Business" A Global Text

/ Robert Christie Mill, 2010)

5. Знайдіть у тексті відповідники поданих слів та словосполучень і складіть з ними речення англійською мовою:

- сувенірна крамниця
- родинний бізнес, справа
- задовольнити попит
- імовірний прибуток
- споживати місцеву їжу
- країни, що розвиваються
- ставити під загрозу
- використання земельних угідь
- необхідна кількість та якість товарів
- сприяти розвитку економіки

6. Перекладіть подані твердження й визначте, чи відповідають вони змістові тексту.

1. The potential income and jobs are lost when goods are imported.
2. Not many tourists seek authenticity as they travel.
3. Often local suppliers of developing countries cannot supply the quantity of goods desired.
4. When tourism is developed there are no alterations in jobs of rural people.
5. Tourism changes the economic structure of destinations.

7. Знайдіть у тексті синоніми поданих слів, запишіть їх і перекладіть. Nouns:

store, ware, memento, relic, farming.

Verbs: define, happen, provide, change, follow.

8. Знайдіть у тексті антоніми поданих слів, запишіть їх і перекладіть. Adjectives:

tiny, minor, worse, urban, rare.

Adverbs: seldom, abroad, less, excluding.

9. Утворіть словосполучення та перекладіть їх:

- | | |
|----------------|------------|
| 1 backward | a) lands |
| 2 taxi | b) a job |
| 3 to establish | c) service |
| 4 rural | d) goods |

- | | |
|------------------|-----------------|
| 5 transportation | e) authenticity |
| 6 to pursue | f) companies |
| 7 major | g) artefacts |
| 8 to seek | h) linkages |
| 9 local | i) change |
| 10 to import | j) ties |

10. Напишіть тлумачення поданих слів:

supplier (*n*), generate (*v*), authenticity (*n*), local (*adj*), souvenir (*n*).

11. Випишіть із тексту 10 ключових термінів і перекладіть їх.

12. Доберіть заголовок до тексту, запишіть його англійською та українською мовами.

13. Countable / Uncountable Nouns. Поставте артикль *a* або *an*, де необхідно.

1. The tourists thought it was quite ... cheap restaurant with ... international cuisine.
2. There was ... overcharge in the bill for ... room service.
3. Interference with ... nature often brings ... disaster.
4. It is safe for ... people to walk on ... sand here.
5. ... train service from here to ... city center is very good.
6. If you go by ... air, you can have quite ... comfortable journey.
7. He wouldn't climb ... mountain, he is afraid of ... height.
8. I am not going for ... holiday, I am going on ... business.
9. We hope you have ... lovely time and ... good weather.
10. ... travel agent will give you ... about hotels.

14. Доповніть подані речення модальними дієсловами *can*, *may* або *must*.

- 1.....I see your passport please?
2. Theynot swim across the river.
- 3.....he stay in this room or there is a choice?

4. You ... not miss your flight.
5. Only children ... play in a paddling pool.
- 6.....she drive a car?
7. We haven't enough cash, so we pay by credit card.
8. You..... use my car today.
9. I.....book this room whenever I like.
10. He.....speak and read Spanish.

15. Розкрийте дужки згідно типу умовного речення.

1. More tourists would come if the climate (*be*) better.
2. If you (*arrive*) ten minutes earlier you would have got a seat.
3. She (*be able*) to have a rest if she has a quiet room.
4. You (*not have*) much trouble with the car if you had it serviced regularly.
5. If I (*have*) a map I would have been all right.
6. Ice (*turn*) to water if you heat it.
7. If he (*find*) your passport he will phone you at once.
8. He (*not try*) to swim across the river if he had known that it was dangerous.
9. They would give you the address if they (*know*) it.
10. If I see him I (*give*) him the souvenir.

16. Виправте помилки у поданих реченнях.

1. I could tell you what this means if I know Greek.
2. The road be slippery if it rains.
3. If you speak more slowly he would have understood you.
4. He will book the room if he like it.
5. You may to take photos in this museum, it's not forbidden.
6. He musts hurry to catch the train.
7. They can to dance tango a little.
8. She always liked to watch an amazing view at a sunrise.
9. They came by a sea and had a lovely voyage.
10. The tourist needed a information on a bus tour around the city.

17. Перекладіть подані речення англійською мовою.

1. Родинний бізнес є досить поширеною практикою в галузі туризму.
2. Із розвитком туризму на певних територіях використання земельних угідь незавжди залишається раціональним.
3. Нестача необхідної кількості та якості товарів може поставити під загрозу туристичну галузь певної території.
4. Місцевий колорит та особлива кухня можуть збільшити потік туристів, сприяючи тим самим розвитку національної економіки.
5. Сувенірні крамниці можуть стати яскравим показником інтересу туристів до автентичних особливостей певної місцевості.

1. Напишіть транскрипцію поданих слів і перекладіть їх:

Accelerate	Acculturation	Resurrect
Acquire	Typically	Artefact
Society	Souvenir	Encourage
Inexpensive	Religious	Memento
Disappear	Design	Community

2. Визначте, до яких частин мови належать подані слова і перекладіть їх:

process, the, evolve, as, naturally, visitor, those, religious, to, discourage, generally, it, distinctive, culture, and, market, borrow, replacement, in, typically, a, they, meaning, this, often, of, different.

article	
noun	
pronoun	
verb	
adverb	
adjective	
preposition	
conjunction	

3. Перекладіть подані словосполучення і складіть з ними речення англійською мовою:

- traditional artistic designs
- impact of tourism on a culture
- to adapt to a changing world
- to introduce contact between two societies
- debased or lost part of the culture
- the decline in meaning of traditional arts
- upon returning home
- on the part of the local community
- inexpensive and durable
- to evolve and change naturally
- memento

4. Прочитайте та виконайте письмовий переклад тексту.

Cultures evolve and change naturally as the host culture adapts to a changing world. Tourism accelerates that process because it introduces contact between two societies with different cultures. In the process both societies change. Visitors to a country may enjoy the local food and, upon returning home, prepare the same foods they had on vacation. The locals, on the other hand, may acquire a desire for fashions they have seen the tourists wear.

The process by which cultures borrow from each other when they come into contact is called acculturation. It is generally accepted that, when a "strong" culture comes into contact with a "weak" culture, it is the weaker culture that is likely to borrow from the stronger.

One major way in which the impact of tourism can be seen on a culture is in the area of arts and crafts. Typically, the process of change goes through three stages.

In the first stage traditional artistic designs and forms of art, especially those with deep religious meaning, disappear into the souvenir market. This is followed by the growth, in the second stage, of mass-produced replacements, often imported.

In response to the decline in meaning of the traditional arts, there may be a growing interest, in the third stage, on the part of the local community to resurrect their artefacts through the development of distinctive styles and skilled work.

Tourism has worked both to encourage and discourage traditional art forms.

On the other hand, tourism has given rise to what some call "airport art". These mass-produced, often imported souvenirs give the tourist something that is inexpensive, durable, and easily portable as a memento of the trip. In the process, part of the culture has been debased if not lost.

*(Originated from "Tourism the International Business" A Global Text
/ Robert Christie Mill, 2010)*

5. Знайдіть у тексті відповідники поданих слів та словосполучень і складіть з ними речення англійською мовою:

- | | |
|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| • вироби ручної роботи | • традиційні види мистецтва |
| • взаємозапозичення | • пришвидшити процес адаптації |
| • місцеві мешканці | • глибокий релігійний зміст |
| • сприяти та перешкоджати | • насолоджуватись місцевими стравами |
| • на згадку про подорож | • вироблення особливого стилю |

6. Перекладіть подані твердження й визначте, чи відповідають вони змістові тексту.

1. Upon returning home, tourists may prepare the same foods they had on vacation.
2. The locals acquire no desire for fashions they have seen the tourists wear.
3. It is the stronger culture that is likely to borrow from the weaker.
4. The impact of tourism can be seen in the area of arts and crafts.
5. Tourism has given rise to what some call “railway art”.

7. Знайдіть у тексті синоніми поданих слів, запишіть їх і перекладіть. Nouns:

community, increase, phase, meal, journey.

Verbs: adjust, quicken, cook, vanish, initiate.

8. Знайдіть у тексті антоніми поданих слів, запишіть їх і перекладіть. Adjectives:

shallow, similar, unusual, common, fixed.

Adverbs: rarely, unusually, surprisingly, seldom, hardly.

9. Утворіть словосполучення та перекладіть їх:

- | | |
|-----------------|--------------|
| 1 skilled | a) accepted |
| 2 generally | b) market |
| 3 to acquire | c) interest |
| 4 growing | d) portable |
| 5 mass-produced | e) art |
| 6 easily | f) artefacts |
| 7 distinctive | g) a desire |

- | | |
|----------------|-----------------|
| 8 to resurrect | h) styles |
| 9 souvenir | i) work |
| 10 airport | j) replacements |

10. Напишіть тлумачення поданих слів:

market (*n*), resurrect (*v*), local (*n*), distinctive (*adj*), memento (*n*).

11. Випишіть із тексту 10 ключових термінів і перекладіть їх.

12. Доберіть заголовок до тексту, запишіть його англійською та українською мовами.

13. Countable / Uncountable Nouns. Поставте артикль *a* або *an*, де необхідно.

1. The hotel is looking for ... new person to work at ... reception.
2. The tourist needed ... information on ... bus tour around the city.
3. We feel like having ... coffee in ... small cafe.
4. The absence of ... laundry service in ... five star hotel was rather surprising.
5. The group of tourists waiting for ... bus needed somebody to ask for ... advice.
6. Try to take ... holiday in June to avoid ... overcrowding.
7. She always liked to watch ... amazing view at ... sunrise.
8. There was ... room on the top floor but ... porter service was offered in the hotel.
9. They came by ... sea and had ... lovely voyage.
10. ... bus service was quite good in the town but we decided to take ... taxi.

14. Доповніть подані речення модальними дієсловами *can*, *may* або *must*.

- 1.....the children ski there alone?
2. He learn the poem by heart, it's his home task.
3. The boy is too little and..... not read very well.
4. You..... not put your luggage at the emergency exit.
5. Unfortunately, I not remember the address.
- 6.....I leave a message for her on this table?
7. They.....dance tango a little.
8. You take photos in this museum, it's not forbidden.
9. He hurry to catch the train.
- 10..... you see the tourists near the monument?

15. Розкрийте дужки згідно типу умовного речення.

1. If I (*know*) his address I would go and see him more often.
2. You (*not get*) into trouble if you had obeyed my instructions.
3. If you wait I (*make*) enquiries for you.
4. The road (*be*) slippery if it rains.
5. I could tell you what this means if I (*know*) Greek.
6. If you (*speak*) more slowly he would have understood you.
7. He will book the room if he (*like*) it.
8. If you slept under mosquito net you (*not be*) bitten so often.
9. They (*take*) a taxi if they had realized that it was such a long way.
10. If you come late they (*not let*) you in.

16. Виправте помилки у поданих реченнях.

1. If I have a map I would have been all right.
2. She be able to have a rest if she has a quiet room.
3. More tourists would come if the climate be better.
4. Ice turn to water if you heat it.
5. You must not to miss your flight.
6. He can speaks and read Spanish.
7. I may to book this room whenever I like.
8. We hope you have a lovely time and a good weather.
9. He wouldn't climb a mountain, he is afraid of a height.
10. I am not going for a holiday, I am going on a business.

17. Перекладіть подані речення англійською мовою.

1. Вироби ручної роботи завжди високо цінувалися серед іноземних туристів.
2. Один із важливих аспектів роботи туристичної галузі полягає у пришвидшенні процесу адаптації туристів до особливостей місцевої культури.
3. Більшості туристів властиве бажання придбати сувенір на згадку про цікаву подорож.
4. Значна кількість виробів ручної роботи втратила свій глибокий релігійний зміст через масовий на них попит серед іноземних туристів.
5. Подекуди місцеві мешканці намагаються відродити особливі стилі виготовлення мистецьких виробів.

1. Напишіть транскрипцію поданих слів і перекладіть їх:

Environment	Congestion	Scenic
Sewage	Landscape	Accessible
Restaurant	Available	Deteriorate
Maximize	Alteration	Pollution
Lodging	Significant	Destroy

2. Визначте, до яких частин мови належать подані слова і перекладіть їх:

tourist, if, improve, a, them, sanitation, likely, for, cater, positive, the, amount, attract, in, quickly, natural, an, program, there, feed, of, careful, though, to, quality, it, adversely, and, cultural, through.

article	
noun	
pronoun	
verb	
adverb	
adjective	
preposition	
conjunction	

3. Перекладіть подані словосполучення і складіть з ними речення англійською мовою:

- to develop much too quickly
- available lodging
- in order to cater the tourists
- less-developed areas
- to turn off the tourists
- changes in the ecological balance
- to be in conflict with the environment
- improvements in sanitation, sewage, and housing
- to be thought of in negative terms
- no longer attractive environment

4. Прочитайте та виконайте письмовий переклад тексту.

Tourism development, like any kind of development, has an impact upon the environment. The impact can be positive or negative.

In the case of less-developed areas, tourism development can improve the environment for tourists and locals alike through improvements in sanitation, sewage, and housing. In developed areas tourism development is more likely to be thought of in negative terms such as pollution and congestion.

The natural environment of destination is a major attraction for tourists. Visitors tend to be attracted to areas that are scenic, offer a pleasant climate, and have distinctive landscapes. In order to cater the tourists, though, a certain amount of development is necessary. Roads must be built to make the area accessible; lodging to house the tourists and restaurants to feed them must be available.

In most cases, however, tourism is in conflict with the environment. Without careful planning, the destination may develop much too quickly. As a result, there is a danger that both the natural and cultural environment may deteriorate. The local environment may be destroyed and the quality of life of the locals adversely affected.

If the destination is allowed to deteriorate with significant alterations to the natural landscape and changes in the ecological balance, tourists may be turned off, for the very thing that attracted them in the first place, the environment, is no longer attractive.

The key is a well-planned program of tourism development. Properly handled, it can maximize the advantages of tourism while minimizing the problems.

*(Originated from "Tourism the International Business" A Global Text
/ Robert Christie Mill, 2010)*

Знайдіть у тексті відповідники поданих слів та словосполучень і складіть з ними речення англійською мовою:

- | | |
|--------------------|-----------------------------|
| ● розвиток туризму | ● навколишнє середовище |
| ● негативний вплив | ● природний ландшафт |
| ● перенаселеність | ● програма розвитку туризму |
| ● місцеві мешканці | ● мальовнича місцевість |
| ● якість життя | ● детальне планування |

5. Перекладіть подані твердження й визначте, чи відповідають вони змістові тексту.

1. The impact of tourism development upon the environment can be positive or negative.
2. In less-developed areas tourism development is more likely to be thought of as pollution and congestion.
3. In developed areas tourism development can improve the local sanitation, sewage, and housing.

4. If there are significant alterations to the natural landscape, tourists may be turned off, for the environment that attracted them is no longer attractive.
5. The destination may develop much too quickly without careful planning.

7. Знайдіть у тексті синоніми поданих слів, запишіть їх і перекладіть. Nouns:

influence, overcrowding, scenery, risk, change.

Verbs: nourish, ruin, draw, accommodate, construct.

8. Знайдіть у тексті антоніми поданих слів, запишіть їх і перекладіть. Adjectives:

minor, unusual, ugly, common, optional.

Adverbs: improbably, slowly, favourably, incorrectly.

9. Утворіть словосполучення та перекладіть їх:

- | | |
|---------------|-----------------|
| 1 pleasant | a) balance |
| 2 major | b) alterations |
| 3 properly | c) area |
| 4 ecological | d) attraction |
| 5 to maximize | e) problems |
| 6 adversely | f) the tourists |
| 7 accessible | g) handled |
| 8 to minimize | h) advantages |
| 9 significant | i) climate |
| 10 to house | j) affected |

10. Напишіть тлумачення поданих слів:

improvement (*n*), deteriorate (*v*), impact (*n*), distinctive (*adj*), environment (*n*).

11. Випишіть із тексту 10 ключових термінів і перекладіть їх.

12. Доберіть заголовок до тексту, запишіть його англійською та українською мовами.

13. Countable / Uncountable Nouns. Поставте артикль *a* або *an*, де необхідно.

1. The group of tourists waiting for ... bus needed somebody to ask for ... advice.
2. The absence of ... laundry service in ... five star hotel was rather surprising.
3. We feel like having ... coffee in ... small cafe.

4. The tourist needed ... information on ... bus tour around the city.
5. The hotel is looking for ... new person to work at ... reception.
6. ... travel agent will give you ... about hotels.
7. We hope you have ... lovely time and ... good weather.
8. I am not going for ... holiday, I am going on ... business.
9. He wouldn't climb ... mountain, he is afraid of ... height.
10. If you go by ... air, you can have quite ... comfortable journey.

14. Доповніть подані речення модальними дієсловами *can*, *may* або *must*.

1. Only children ... play in a paddling pool.
2. You ... not miss your flight.
- 3.....he stay in this room or there is a choice?
4. Theynot swim across the river.
- 5I see your passport please?
- 6you see the tourists near the monument?
7. He hurry to catch the train.
8. You take photos in this museum, it's not forbidden.
9. They.....dance tango a little.
- 10..... I leave a message for her on this table?

15. Розкрийте дужки згідно типу умовного речення.

1. If I (*have*) a map I would have been all right.
2. You (*not have*) much trouble with the car if you had it serviced regularly.
3. She (*be able*) to have a rest if she has a quiet room.
4. If you (*arrive*) ten minutes earlier you would have got a seat.
5. More tourists would come if the climate (*be*) better.
6. If you come late they (*not let*) you in.
7. They (*take*) a taxi if they had realized that it was such a long way.
8. If you slept under mosquito net you (*not be*) bitten so often.
9. He will book the room if he (*like*) it.
10. Ice (*turn*) to water if you heat it.

16. Виправте помилки у поданих реченнях.

1. A train service from here to a city center is very good.

2. She always liked to watch an amazing view at a sunrise.
3. They came by a sea and had a lovely voyage.
4. I may to book this room whenever I like.
5. He can speaks and read Spanish.
6. We haven't enough cash, so we must to pay by credit card.
7. The road be slippery if it rains.
8. If you speak more slowly he would have understood you.
9. I could tell you what this means if I know Greek.
10. If he find your passport he will phone you at once.

17. Перекладіть подані речення англійською мовою.

1. Ретельно спланована програма розвитку туризму може значно збільшити його переваги для місцевих мешканців.
2. Розвиток туризму може мати як позитивний, так і негативний вплив на довкілля.
3. Поступове знищення природних ландшафтів навколишнього середовища призведе до втрати їх колишньої привабливості для туристів.
4. Перенаселеність туристично розвинутих територій є однією з їх головних проблем.
5. Надто швидкий розвиток туризму є реальною загрозою знищення природи та культури місцевого населення.

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